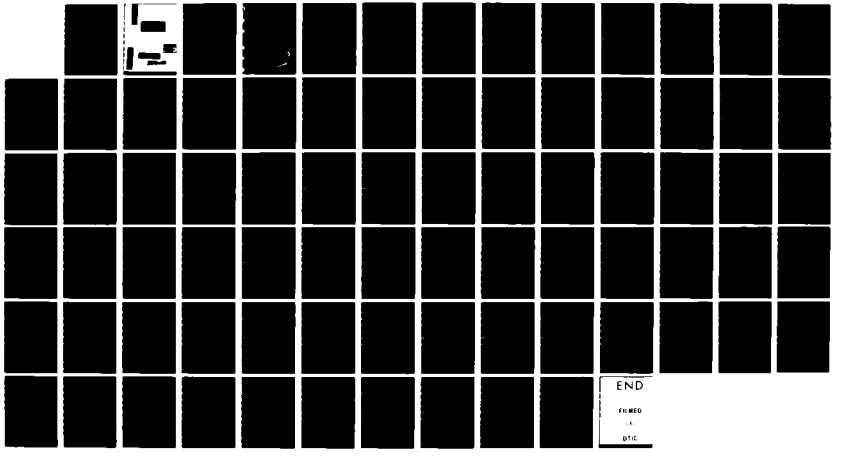
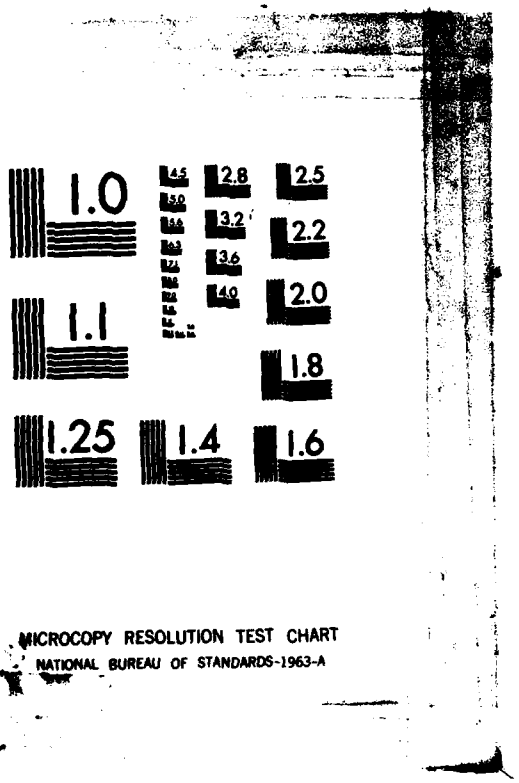
AD-A124 518 HEDGSIM ROUTINES FOR LEADTIME VARIABILITY INVENTORY POLICY RESEARCH(U) DECISION SYSTEMS BEAVERCREEK OH W S DEMMY SEP 81 WP-81-02 F33600-80-C-0530 1/1

UNCLASSIFIED F/G 9/2 NL




1.0
1.1
1.25
1.4
1.6
1.8
2.0
2.2
2.5
2.8
3.2
3.6
4.0
4.5
5.0
MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

Hedgesim Routines
for
Leadtime Variability
Inventory Policy Research
Demmy

DISCLAIMER NOTICE

THIS DOCUMENT IS BEST QUALITY PRACTICABLE. THE COPY FURNISHED TO DTIC CONTAINED A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF PAGES WHICH DO NOT REPRODUCE LEGIBLY.

DOD LOGISTICS STUDY SUMMARY

1. LD NO.	2. DATE OF SUMMARY

3. TITLE AND ACRONYM: NEDGESIM ROUTINES FOR LEADTIME VARIABILITY INVENTORY POLICY RESEARCH

4. STATUS	5. STARTING DATE	6. COMPLETION DATE	7. ORGANIZATION REPORT NO.
COMPLETED	04/80	09/81	WP-21-02

8. DLSIE SEARCH NO.	9. CONTRACT NO.	10. TYPE STUDY	11. TIME FRAME	12. COST
	F33600-80-C-0538	CONTRACT		35,000

13. SECURITY CLASS	14. DISTRIBUTION LIMITATION	15. MAN-YEAR EFFORT
UNCLASS	UNLIMITED	1 YR

16. STUDY SPONSOR

RESPONSIBLE INDIVIDUAL

AUTOVON

COMMERCIAL NO.

17. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION

DECISION SYSTEMS
3125 CRYSTAL MARIE DR.
BEAVERCREEK, OH 45431

RESPONSIBLE INDIVIDUAL N. STEVEN DEMMY

AUTOVON

COMMERCIAL NO. 1-513-426-8515

18. ABSTRACT (UNCLASSIFIED)

THIS PAPER DOCUMENTS FORTRAN SOURCE CODE FOR SIMULATING GAMMA LEADTIMES AND NEGATIVE BINOMIAL REQUISITION SIZES IN THE NEDGSIM LONG SUPPLY SIMULATION MODEL.

19. CONCLUSIONS (UNCLASSIFIED)

DTIC
ELECTE
FEB 16 1983
H

20. RECOMMENDATIONS (UNCLASSIFIED)

21. IMPLEMENTING ACTIONS (UNCLASSIFIED)

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A
Approved for public release;
Distribution Unlimited

HEDGSIM ROUTINES

for

Leadtime Variability

Inventory Policy Research

by

W. Steven Demmy

September 1981

WP-81-02
Decision Systems
2125 Crystal Marie Drive
Beavercreek, Ohio 45431
(513) 426-8515

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER / 2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. ADA124518	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) HEDGSIM Routines for Leadtime Variability Inventory Policy Research	5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED INTERIM
	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER WP-81-02
7. AUTHOR(s) W. Steven Demmy	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s) F33600-80-C-0530
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Decision Systems 2125 Crystal Marie Drive Beavercreek, Ohio 45431	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS Directorate of Management Science Hq.AFLC/XRS Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio	12. REPORT DATE September 1981
	13. NUMBER OF PAGES
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(if different from Controlling Office)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
	15a. DECLASSIFICATION DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE

16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A
Approved for public release;
Distribution Unlimited

17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)

18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

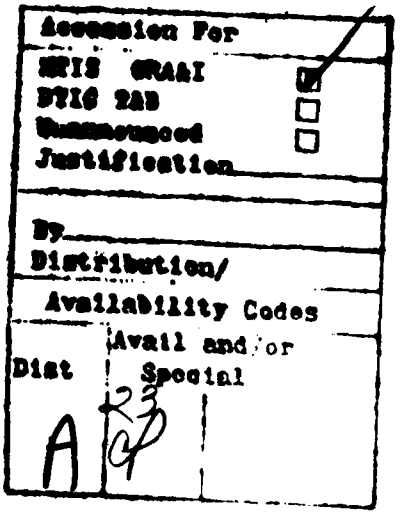
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

This paper documents Fortran Source Code for simulating Gamma Leadtimes and Negative Binomial requisition sizes in the HEDGSIM Long Supply Simulation Model.

DD FORM 1 JAN 73 1473 EDITION OF 1 NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

Table of Contents



Introduction

This paper documents a series of subroutines developed in support of inventory policy research concerning the impacts of lead time variability upon D062 Economic Order Quantity Items. The subroutines are designed to operate within the framework of the HEDGSIM Long Supply Simulation Model. Appendix A contains Job Control Language (JCL) statements required to utilize these new routines with other members of the HEDGSIM simulation program library. On the other hand, Appendix B presents the Fortran source program listings of new routines developed for this study.

The new routines documented in this paper may be assigned to one of three different categories. These are: (a) routines for proposed forecasting or safety level calculations, (b) routines for simulating negative binomial requisition sizes, and (c) modified HEDGSIM routines required to implement the above programs.

Let us now consider each of these categories.

Routines for Proposed Forecasting and Safety Level Calculations

This category includes subroutines FOR576, LEVELN, LPGFOR, and SNBROP. Subroutine FOR576 is the same as the original HEDGSIM routine with the addition of an outliers test when the forecasting

code ICDFOR = 3. When ICDFOR = 3, the subroutine checks if the largest observed demand exceeds the average demand plus four times the mean absolute deviation (computed using the remaining seven observations). If so, FOR576 assumes the large demand is an "outlier" that is not expected to occur again in future quarters. In this case, the forecasting calculations exclude the outlier data. Subroutines LPGFOR and SNBROP compute optimum reorder levels using the Logarithmic-Poisson-Gamma (LPG) and scaled negative binomial models, respectively. Subroutine LEVELN calls these subroutines and also provides other safety level computation options within the LEVELN logic. As noted above, listings of these programs may be found in Appendix B.

Routines for Negative Binomial Requisition Size Simulation

Subroutines in this category include DEMPAR, NEGBIN, NEGBN1, and RANDEM. These routines implement the generation of negative binomial requisition sizes using techniques described in Reference 2. Subroutine NEGBIN utilizes the twelve most recent observations of actual D062 demand histories to estimate the parameters of a negative binomal distribution of requisition size. It also constructs the cumulative distribution function (CDF) of this distribution. In turn, subroutine NEGBN1 utilizes this CDF to determine the specific requisition size associated with a randomly chosen percentile of the requisition size distribution. Subroutine RANDEM provides a uniform (0,1) ramdom number stream which is

used exclusively in the demand generation process. This guarantees that exactly the same sequence of requisitions is generated for a given random number seed regardless of the management policy being evaluated. Finally, subroutine DEMPAR calls subroutines NEGBM1 and RANDEM as needed to generate the specific requisition streams associated with a given demand history. Subroutine NEGBIN is called to initialize the negative binomal requisition size distribution by subroutine INITEM, while the ramdom number generator RANDEM is initialized by the MAIN program at the beginning of a simulation run. Subroutine DEMPAR also includes new logic to insure that very high activity items do not cause the future events list to overflow. With the new logic, after 450 requisitions have been generated, all remaining units of demand associated with a given quarter are placed on one (last) requisition. Only extremely high activity items are impacted by this change.

Modified HEDGSIM Routines

Subroutines included in this category are INITEM, INORD, INVRSM, and ENTERB. As noted above, these routines contain very slight modifications to the original HEDGSIM programs. Subroutine INITEM now contains a call to subroutine NEGBIN to initialize the negative binomal requisition size simulation procedure. Subroutine INORD has been modified to generate GAMMA distributed lead times with a coefficient variation equal to .353. Data

collected by Hayya (1980) indicates that such a distribution describes a number of D062 items (See Tables I-1 and I-2). The program INVRSM is essentially identical to the HEDGSIM MAIN program, excepted it now contains a call to initialize subroutine RANDEM.

When simulating high activity items with average requisition sizes that are close to one, very large numbers of requisitions may be generated within the simulation model. If policies are being simulated which offer very low levels of support, this can result in very large numbers of back orders. In turn this may cause the HEDGSIM backorder file to overflow. Subroutine ENTERB prevents this from happening by cancelling all new back-orders once the backorder file is filled. With the present coding, once five hundred requisitions have been backordered, all subsequent requisitions are cancelled.

Table I-1

Coefficients of Variation of Lead Times
Observed by Hayya (1980)
for 62 High Activity Items

Coefficient of Variation	Number of Items
.1	8
.2	13
.3	15
.4	11
.5	6
.6	2
.7	2
.8	1
.9	3
1.0	1
	N = 62
	Median = .36

Table I-2

Gamma Probabilities for
Mean = 1 and Coefficient of Variation = .353

x	P(x)	P(X≤x)
.100	.000	.000
.200	.001	.001
.300	.007	.007
.400	.022	.030
.500	.048	.077
.600	.077	.154
.700	.101	.255
.800	.116	.371
.900	.119	.490
1.000	.112	.602
1.100	.098	.700
1.200	.081	.781
1.300	.054	.844
1.400	.048	.892
1.500	.035	.927
1.600	.025	.952
1.700	.017	.969
1.800	.011	.980
1.900	.007	.987
2.000	.005	.992
2.100	.003	.995
2.200	.002	.997
2.300	.001	.998
2.400	.001	.999
2.500	.000	.999
2.600	.000	1.000
2.700	.000	1.000

Note: Underlined values have been incorporated into Subroutine INORD.

References

1. Demmy, W. Steven, HEDGSIM: The Long Supply Simulation Model: Volume II, Program Listing and Narratives, Working Paper 80-10, Decision Systems, 2125 Crystal Marie Drive, Beavercreek, Oh 45431, Dec 1980, 97 pp.

2. Demmy, W. Steven, Modeling the Probability Distribution for Depot-Level Requisition Sizes, Working Paper 80-07, Decision Systems, 2125 Crystal Marie Drive, Beavercreek, Oh 45431, Oct 1980, 160 pp.

3. Hayya, Jack C., Lead Time Variability in Inventory Requirements Projections, Air Force Contract 33615-79-C-5143, Item 0004, Phase 3, Technical Report and Summary, 1962 Norwood Lane, State College, Pa, 16801, June 30, 1980, 71 pp.

APPENDIX A

JOB CONTROL LANGUAGE PROGRAMS

INV.OC.H

INVR.A

```
20      $       IDENT   UP1640,XRS-DEMMY     INV.OC.H
30      $       LIMITS  70,,,10K
40      $       NOTE    ***************INSN.JCL DATA FILE FOLLOWS THIS LINE
50      $       OPTION  FORTRAN,NOMAP
60      $       SELECT  INVR/OBJ/INVRSM.O
65      $       SELECT  INVR/OBJ/SNBROP.O
70      $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/SIMULA.O
80      $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/REQ.O
90      $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/CUM.O
100     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/CUMB.O
110     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/DEMPR3.O
120     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/ENTRB3.O
130     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/FILLBO.O
140     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/FOR573.O
150     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/INITAL.O
160     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/INITM3.O
170     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/INORD3.O
180     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/LEVLN3.O
190     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/LONGSP.O
200     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/ORDER.O
210     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/OUTREP.O
220     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/PFAC.O
230     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/PLOTR.O
240     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/RECEIV.O
250     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/RET.O
260     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/STATN2.O
270     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/SSTAT2.O
280     $       SELECT  HEDG/OBJ/ZERO2.O
290     $       NOTE    **********************PREB ROUTINES FOLLOW----------
300     $       NOTE    ***************REQS ROUTINES FOLLOW THIS LINE
310     $       SELECT  REQS/STATUS.O
320     $       SELECT  REQS/FORUPD.O
330     $       SELECT  REQS/LEVEL.O
340     $       SELECT  REQS/ENTER.O
350     $       SELECT  REQS/REMOVE.O
360     $       SELECT  REQS/URIFEL.O
370     $       SELECT  REQS/INFEL.O
380     $       SELECT  REQS/RANDU.O
390     $       SELECT  REQS/GP.O
400     $       EXECUTE
410     $       LIMITS  70,40K,,10K
420     $       PRMFL   07/X1S,R,S,INVR/B0620C.H
430     $       FILE    08,X2S
440     $       FILE    09,A3S
450     $       NOTE    *****SELECTA HEDG/PFAC.B FOR PROGRAM FACTORS
460     $       DATA    04
470     $       SELECTA HEDG/PFAC.B
```

```
$      DATA    05
  8060
 0 1 0 1
  0 0 0 0 0   0 0
  0 0 0 0 0   0 0 0 0 0   0 0.0 0 0    0 0 0 0 0
  7 2 38
   2 1 2   8 1   2 1
  6 36   0  99
   .20  300.  500   19500   .5   1   C7
  1  30  1 500  8  0    SIMULATE 500 ITEMS FOR 30 QTRS
  2000
$      NOTE    **********************************RIME/GO/PUNCH.E1
$      CONVER  NSPIN
$      INPUT   NMEDIA
$      OUTPUT  MODBCD
$      FILE    IN,A3S
$      PUNCH   OT
$      ENDJOB
```

```
20      $       IDENT   WP1596,XRS-DEMMY      INVR.A
30      $       LIMITS  15,,,10K
40      $       NOTE    ***************INSM.JCL DATA FILE FOLLOWS THIS LINE
50      $       OPTION  FORTRAN,NOMAP
60      $       SELECT  INVR/OBJ/INVRSM.O
65      $       SELECT  INVR/OBJ/SNBROP.O
70      $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/SIMULA.O
80      $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/REQ.O
90      $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/CUM.O
100     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/CUMB.O
110     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/DEMPR3.O
120     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/ENTRB3.O
130     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/FILLBO.O
140     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/FOR573.O
150     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/INITAL.O
160     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/INITM3.O
170     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/INORD3.O
180     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/LEVLN3.O
190     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/LONGSP.O
200     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/ORDER.O
210     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/OUTREP.O
220     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/PFAC.O
230     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/PLOTR.O
240     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/RECEIV.O
250     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/RET.O
260     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/STATM2.O
270     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/SSTAT2.O
280     $       SELECT  MEDG/OBJ/ZERO2.O
290     $       NOTE    ***********************PRED ROUTINES FOLLOW----------
300     $       NOTE    ***************REQS ROUTINES FOLLOW THIS LINE
310     $       SELECT  REQS/STATUS.O
320     $       SELECT  REQS/FORUPD.O
330     $       SELECT  REQS/LEVEL.O
340     $       SELECT  REQS/ENTER.O
350     $       SELECT  REQS/REMOVE.O
360     $       SELECT  REQS/WRIFEL.O
370     $       SELECT  REQS/INFEL.O
380     $       SELECT  REQS/RANDU.O
390     $       SELECT  REQS/GP.O
400     $       EXECUTE
410     $       LIMITS  15,40K,,10K
420     $       PRMFL   07/X1S,R,S,INVR/D062SM.H
430     $       FILE    08,X2S
440     $       FILE    09,A3S
450     $       NOTE    *****SELECTA MEDG/PFAC.D FOR PROGRAM FACTORS
460     $       DATA    04
470     $       SELECTA MEDG/PFAC.B1
```

```
480     $       DATA    05
490       9030
500      0 1 0 0
510      0 0 1  0  1         0 0
520      0 0 0 0 0    0 0 0 0 1   0 0 0 0 0   0 0 0 0 0
530      7 2 38
540       2 1 2  9 1   2 1
550      6 36       -99   99
560       .20  300.  500   19500   .5   1   C7
570      1 2  1  30  8  0    RUN 2 QTRS, 30 ITEMS
580      25
650     $       ENDJOB


*
```

FORECASTING AND LEVELS CALCULATIONS ROUTINES

FOR576

LEVELN

LPGFOR

SNBROP

CATALOG/FILE DESCRIPTION= HFDG/FOR573.S

```
*#RUN=*HFDG/OBJ/FOR573.O(BCD,NOGO)
*FOR573.S
      SUBROUTINE FOR576(N)
C***********************************************************************
      PARAMETER NQQQ=38
C***********************************************************************
      COMMON/IFBUG/IFBUG
      COMMON/IISMGC/IISMGC
      COMMON/ITIME/ITIME
      COMMON/ITQTR/ITQTR
      COMMON/NDEMAC/NDEMAC(1)
      COMMON/NRETAC/NRETAC(1)
      COMMON/NREQAC/NREQAC(1)
      COMMON/NDEMND/NDEMND(1,NQQQ)
      COMMON/REQSIZ/REQSIZ(1)
      COMMON/NRETUR/NRETUR(1,NQQQ)
      COMMON/NREQ/NREQ(1,NQQQ)
      COMMON/ADR/ADR(1)
      COMMON/RSIGLT/RSIGLT(1)
      COMMON/NDENT/NDENT(1)
      COMMON/LTADM/LTADM(1)
      COMMON/LTPROD/LTPROD(1)
      COMMON/UCOST/UCOST(1)
      COMMON/IDBUG/IDBUG
      COMMON/ICDFOR/ICDFOR
      COMMON/ICDSIG/ICDSIG
      LW=0
      IDUM=0
      IFUM=0
      IRUM=0
      KK=NDENT(N)
      IF(KK.GT.8)KK=8
      KL=KK-1
      DO 1 I=1,KL
      IDUM=IDUM + NDEMND(N,I)
      IFUM=IFUM + NREQ(N,I)
    1 IRUM=IRUM + NRETUR(N,I)
C
      IT=MOD(ITIME,ITQTR)
      R=FLOAT(IT)/FLOAT(ITQTR)
      RM=1.-R
      DUM=R*FLOAT(NDEMAC(N))+FLOAT(IDUM)+RM*FLOAT(NDEMND(N,KK))
      FUM=R*FLOAT(NREQAC(N))+FLOAT(IFUM)+RM*FLOAT(NREQ(N,KK))
      RUM=R*FLOAT(NRETAC(N))+FLOAT(IRUM)+RM*FLOAT(NRETUR(N,KK))
C
C
*
*::COMPUTE LEVELS BASED ON NET DEMANDS, WHERE NET IS GROSS
*::      DEMAND MINUS SERVICEABLE RETURNS FOR THE PAST 24
*::      MONTHS.
*::RETURNS ARE ADDITIONS TO ON-HAND ASSETS.
```

FOR573.S
FOR576

```
*
      FOR=[illegible]
      IF(IISMGC.GE.3)FOR=[illegible]
        IF(FOR.LE.0.)GO TO 1000
        FORCST=FOR/FLOAT(KK)
  900          AFORC(I)=FORCST*4.
C
C**COMPUTE MAD OF QUARTERLY DEMAND
C
        OMAD=0.
C
C              IF IISMGC =>3,
C         FORCST AND OMAD ARE BASED ON NET QTRLY DEMAND RATE
C              OTHERWISE, BOTH ARE BASED ON GROSS DEMANDS
C
      KZERO=0
      DMAX=-9999999.
        DO 20 I=1,KK
        DEM=NDEMND(N,I)
        IF(IISMGC.GE.3)DEM=DEM-NRETUR(N,I)
      IF(DEM.GT.0)KZERO=KZERO+1
      IF(DEM.LE.DMAX)GO TO 16
        DMAX=DEM
      IDMAX=I
   16 CONTINUE
        ABSDEV=ABS(DEM-FORCST)
        OMAD=OMAD+ABSDEV
   20 CONTINUE
C
      DEM=NDEMAC(N)
      IF(IISMGC.GE.3)DEM=DEM-NRETUR(N,I)
      CMAD=ABS(DEM-FORCST*R)*R
        OMAD=(OMAD+CMAD)/(FLOAT(KK)+R)
        IF(OMAD.LT. 0.01) OMAD=0.01
C
C              IF FORECAST CODE=3, BACK OUT THE LARGEST
C                   DEMAND THAT EXCEEDS 4 MADS.
C
      IF(ICDFOR.NE.3)GO TO 40
C
C              CHECK IF FILTER IS TO BE USED
C
      IF(KZERO.LE.3)GO TO 40
      IF(OMAD.LT.1.)GO TO 40
C
C       IF DMAX>TFOR +1*MAD,
C              THEN BACK OUT BIGGEST DEMAND.
C
C
       TFOR=(8.*FORCST-DMAX)/7.
C
```

FOR573.S
FOR576

```
C            COMPUTE +/-PI MAD
C
      TMAD=0.
      DO 30 I=1,KK
        IF(I.EQ.IDMAX) GO TO 30
        DEM=NDEMND(N,I)
        IF(IISMGC.GE. 3) DEM=DEM-NRETDR(N,I)
      TMAD=TMAD + ABS( DEM -TFOR)
   30 CONTINUE
      TMAD = TMAD/7.
C
C
C            IS DMAX AN OUTLIER
C
      IF(DMAX.LE.(TFOR+4.*TMAD))GO TO 40
C
C            USE BACKED-OUT VALUES
C
      FORCST=TFOR
      ADR(N) =4.*FORCST
      QMAD=TMAD
      IF(IFBUG.GE.1)WRITE(6,33)DMAX
   33 FORMAT('****FOR576--BACK OUT OUTLIER OF ',F8.1,' UNITS')
C
   40  CONTINUE
C
C**COMPUTE STANDARD DEVIATION OF LEADTIME DEMAND
C
        RLT=FLOAT(LTADM(N)+LTPROD(N))
        RSIGLT(N)=0.5945*QMAD*(0.823/5+0.42625*RLT)
        IF(RSIGLT(N).LT. 0.01) RSIGLT(N)= 0.01
C
C**COMPUTE AVERAGE REQUISITION SIZE
C
        IF(FUM.LT.1)FUM=1
        R=DUM/FUM
        IF(R.LT.1.)R=1.
        REQSIZ(N)=R
       GO TO 2000
C
```

```
C           TREATMENT FOR ZERO-DEMAND ITEMS
C
 1000 RSIGLT(N)=.5
      ADR(N)=0.
      REQSIZ(N)=1.
      GO TO 200
 2000 IF(IFBUG.LT. 1) RETURN
      WRITE(LW,100)
      WRITE(LW,200) N,NIDENT(N),ICIFOR,ICDSIG,LTADM(N),LTPROD(N)
      WRITE(LW,300)
      WRITE(LW,200)NDEMAC(N),(NDEMND(N,J),J=1,KK)
      WRITE(LW,200)NRETAC(N),(NRETUR(N,J),J=1,KK)
      WRITE(LW,200)NREQAC(N),(NREQ(N,J),J=1,KK)
      WRITE(LW,400)
      WRITE(LW,500) FORCST,ADR(N),REQSIZ(N),UCOST(N),OMAD,RSIGLT(N)
  100 FORMAT(1H ,4X,'****FOR573--N,NIDENT,ICIFOR,ICDSIG',
     &' LTADM,LTPROD')
  200 FORMAT(1H ,4X,12I7/(12I7))
  300 FORMAT(1H ,2X,'DEMAND, RETURNS, AND FREQ',
     &' IN CURRENT HISTORY FILE')
  400 FORMAT(1H ,'    FORCST        ADR   AVE-REQ     UCOST',
     &'       OMAD     RSIGLT')
  500 FORMAT(1H ,6F10.4)
      RETURN
      END
```

```
CATALOG/FILE DESCRIPTION=  HEDG/L   LN3.)

10*#RUN=$HEDG/OBJ/LEVLN3.OCSCL,NOGO)
20*LEVELN3.S
30        SUBROUTINE LEVELN(N)
40C
50C         THIS ROUTINE COMPUTES      REORDER,STOCK OBJECTIVE,RETENTION,
60C            TERMINATION, AND SUPPORT LEVELS.
70C
80       PARAMETER NQQQ=33
90C
100C
110         COMMON/IHBUG/IHBUG
120        COMMON/ICDFOR/ICDFOR
130         COMMON/COSHRT/COSHRT
140         COMMON/COSHLD/COSHLD
150         COMMON/COSORD/COSORD(3)
160         COMMON/CSTBRK/CSTBRK
170         COMMON/GSULF/GSULF
180         COMMON/GRLF/GRLF
190         COMMON/GSLF/GSLF
200         COMMON/GTLF/GTLF
210          COMMON/ITINV/ITINV
220         COMMON/ITLEVL/ITLEVL
230         COMMON/IDLEVL/IDLEVL
240         COMMON/NITEM/NITEM
250         COMMON/NDHIS/NDHIS
260         COMMON/POLICY/ICDEOQ,ICDSL,EOQMAX,EOQMIN,SLMAX,SLMIN,RLF,TLF,SUL
270          COMMON/ICDSLL/ICDSLL
280         COMMON/ADR/ADR(1)
290         COMMON/LTADM/LTADM(1)
300         COMMON/LTPROD/LTPROD(1)
310         COMMON/IROTY/IROTY(1)
320         COMMON/IRL/IRL(1)
330         COMMON/IROL/IROL(1)
340         COMMON/ISUL/ISUL(1)
350        COMMON/ISLEVL/ISLEVL(1)
360         COMMON/ITL/ITL(1)
370         COMMON/RSIGLT/RSIGLT(1)
380         COMMON/REQSIZ/REQSIZ(1)
390         COMMON/UCOST/UCOST(1)
400          COMMON/PF/PF(NQQQ),PFA(NQQQ,30),ACODE(30),NCODE,AIRCRF
410          COMMON/IISMGC/IISMGC
420         DATA Z/1.0/
430         DATA ITLMIN,ITLMIN/99999999,99999999/
440C
450C          COMPUTE PLANNING FACTORS
460C
470         AMDA=COSHRT
480         RLTM=LTADM(N)+LTPROD(N)
490         IF(RLTM.LT.1.)RLTM=0.5
```

```
5000
5010        AD=ADDR(N)
5020       STD = RSTDLT(N)
5030
5040C            DETERMINE PROGRAM FACTOR PFNOW
5050C
5060        ICTR=ITINV
5070       PFNOW=1.00
5080C
5090C                  IF ICDFOR .EQ. 2, ADJUST FOR FORECAST PROGRAM CHANGES
6000C
6010        IF(ICDFOR.NE.2) GO TO 20
6020C
6030       PFNOW = (PFCTOR + NORTS )
6040C
6050        AD = PFNOW * AD
6060       STD=STD * (PFNOW ** 0.85)
6070C
6080C
6090    20 CONTINUE
7000C
7010        RLT=AD*RLTM/12.
7020        RMR=AD/12.
7030        UC=UCOST(N)
7040        ADDR=UC*AD
7050C
7060C       SET COR EQUAL TO SMALL PURCHASE ORDER COST
7070        COR=COSORD(1)
7080C
7090C         BRANCH BY FOQ FORMULA      CODE
8000C
8010        GO TO (110,120,130,140,150,160,170,180,190),ICDFOQ
8020C
8030C         2 FEB      70 GUIDELINE LTR POLICY
8040C
8050   110        IF(ADDR.GE.1000.) GO TO 62
8060        Q=12.*RMR
8070        GO TO 200
8080    62  IF(ADDR.GE.5000.) GO TO 64
8090        Q=6.*RMR
9000        GO TO 200
9010    64  Q=3.*RMR
9020        GO TO 200
9030C
9040C            AFLC 57-6 POLICY---DEC 1976
9050C
9060   120        Q=SQRT(2.*COR*AD/(COSHLD*UC))
9070        ACOST=Q*UC
9080        IF(ACOST.LT.CSTBRK) GO TO 200
9090        COR=COSORD(2)
10000        Q=SQRT(2.*COR*AD/(COSHLD*UC))
10010        GO TO 200
```

```
1020   130       CONTINUE
1030   140       CONTINUE
1040   150       CONTINUE
1050   160       CONTINUE
1060   170       CONTINUE
1070   180       CONTINUE
1080   190       CONTINUE
1090         WRITE(6,8195)ICDE00,ICDSL
1100 8195   FORMAT('****LEVELN--UNDEFINED FORMULA CODE....',
1110&       ' ICDE00=',I3,'   ICDSL=',I3)
1120         STOP
1130C
1140C          CHECK      ORDER SIZE LIMITS
1150   200 CONTINUE
1160         EMX=EOQMAX*RMR
1170         IF(Q.GT.EMX) Q=EMX
1180         EMX=EOQMIN*RMR
1190         IF(Q.LT.EMX) Q=EMX
1200         IF(Q.LT.1.)Q= 1.
1210C
1220C          BRANCH BY SAFETY LEVEL FORMULA CODE ICDSL
1230C
1240         GO TO (310,320,330,340,350,360,370,380,390),ICDSL
1250C
1260C              USE 12 MONTH SUPPLY
1270C
1280   310   CONTINUE
1290           Q= 12.*RMR
1300C
1310         GO TO 500
1320C
1330C          23 AUG 68 GUIDELINE LTR POLICY
1340C
1350   320 SL=0.25*RLT
1360         GO TO 500
1370C
1380C          AFLCM      57-6 POLICY
1390C
1400   330       Z=SQRT(REQSIZ(N))
1410         GO TO 358
1420C
1430C              PT-FORMULA TO MINIMIZE UNITS BACKORDERED
1440C
1450   340       Z=1.
1460         GO TO 358
1470C
```

```
1480C          PT-FORMULA TO MINIMIZE REQUISITIONS BACKORDERED
1490C
1500   350     Z=RE(SIZ(N)
1510C
1520C
1530   358  CONTINUE
1540        IF(SIG.LE.0.)SIG=.0001
1550        QSIG=-1.414*Q/SIG
1560        RNUM=AMDA*SIG
1570        IF((QSIG.LT.0.).AND.(QSIG.GT.-30.))
1580R              RNUM=AMDA*SIG*(1.-EXP(QSIG))
1590         DNOM=2.*COSHLD*UC*/*1.414*Q
1600         RK=0.707*ALOG(RNUM/DNOM)
1610         SL=RK*SIG
1620         GO TO 500
1630C
1640C
1650C          MODIFIED STD.DEV. FOR ACTUAL GAMMA LEAD TIME VARIABILITY
1660C
1670C          ASSUME COEF OF VARIATION =.353. AND 1 PERIOD =EXPECTED LEA
1680C
1690   360 CONTINUE
1700        RMEANL=1.
1710        SIGL=.353*RMEANL
1720        VARL=SIGL**2
1730        VARD=SIG**2
1740        SIGOLD=SIG
1750C
1760C          REVISE SIG FOR LT VARIABILITY
1770C
1780      SIG=SQRT(RMEANL*VARD+(RLT**2)*VARL)
1790      IF(IHBUG.GT.0)WRITE(6,363)SIGOLD,SIG,SIG/SIGOLD
1800C
1810   363 FORMAT(T20,"SIGOLD=",F10.1,"    SIG LTD=",F10.1,"    RATIO=",F10
1820C
1830C          NOW USE D062 SQRT(Z)FORMULA
1840C
1850      GO TO 330
1860C
1870**********************************************
1880C
1890C          SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL MODEL
1900C
1910   370  CONTINUE
1920C
```

```
1950        IROP = 0
1960        IF(AD.LE.0.) GO TO 377
1970        IF(AMDA.LE.0.) GO TO 377
1980C
1990C             COMPUTE CRITICAL STOCK STOCK OUT PROBABILITY
2000C
2010      POUT=(1)*(SHELD*UC)/(AMDA*AD)
2020C
2030C             FIND CRITICAL FILL PROBABILITY
2040C
2050      FCRIT=1.-POUT
2060      IF(FCRIT.LE.0.) GO TO 377
2070C
2080C             AVERAGE REQUISITION SIZE
2090C
2100            AVEREQ=REQSIZ(N)
2110C
2120C               CUSTOMERS PER PERIOD
2130C
2140      ED=RMR
2150C
2160C             ELT
2170C
2180            ELT=FLOAT(LTADM(N) + LTPROD(N) )
2190C
2200C             ASSUME COEF. OF VAR. OF LT=.353
2210C
2220      CVLT=.353
2230C
2240C             FIND SCALED NEG. BIN. REORDER POINT
2250C
2260      CALL SNBROP(AVEREQ,ED,ELT,CVLT,FCRIT,IROP)
2270C
2280C             BACK INTO THE SAFETY LEVEL
2290C
2300  377  CONTINUE
2310      SL=IROP-RLT
2320C
2330C
2340C             SKIP SL LIMITS
2350C
2360      GO TO 600
2370*FILE EXPFIT.S
2380C-----------------------------------------
2390C                  EXPONENTIAL APPROXIMATION MODEL
2400C
2410  380 CONTINUE
2420      IF(AD.LE.0.) GO TO 387
2430      IF(AMDA.LE.0.) GO TO 387
2440C
```

```
C              COMPUTE OPTIMAL STOCKOUT PROBABILITY
C
      POUT = (Q*COSHLD*UC)/(AMDA*AD)
C
C              LIMIT OPTIMUM FILL PROBABILITY
C
      PFILL = 1.-POUT
C
      IF(PFILL.LE.0.) GO TO 387
      IF(PFILL.GT. 0.9999) PFILL = 0.9999
C
C              ASSUME P(Z <= ZT) = F(Z) = 1.-.331 *EXP( B*ZT)  FOR ZT >
C
      ZT = 0.
      IF(PFILL .GT. 0.669) ZT = ALOG( (1.-PFILL)/.331 )/(-.463)
C
C              COMPUTE MAD, AND SAFETY LEVEL FROM MAD
C
C              SINCE WEIGHT = .5245*QMAD*(.8235+0.42625*RLTM), WE HAVE
C
      QMAD = SIG/(.5245*(.82375+0.42625*RLTM) )
C
C              NOW COMPUTE SAFETY LEVEL
C
      SL = ZT * QMAD * SQRT (RLTM)
C
C
C              SKIP THE LIMIT CALCULATION
C
      GO TO 600
C
C              SET SL TO ZERO
C
  387 CONTINUE
      SL = 0.
      GO TO 600
C
C-----------------------------------------------------
  390       CONTINUE
C
C              USE SPLIT-EXPONENTIAL-GAMMA MODEL
C-----------------------------------------------------
      IF(AD.LE.0.) GO TO 397
      IF(AMDA.LE.0.) GO TO 397
C
C              COMPUTE OPTIMAL STOCKOUT PROBABILITY
C
      POUT = (Q*COSHLD*UC)/(AMDA*AD)
C
```

```
2920C            LIMIT OPTIMUM FILL PROBABILITY
2930C
2940        PFILL = 1.-POUT
2950C
2960        IF(PFILL.LE.0.) GO TO 397
2970        IF(PFILL.GT. 0.9999) PFILL = 0.9999
2980C
2990C
3000C            ESTIMATE QUARTERLY DEMAND RATE, MAD, AND LEADTIME
3010C
3020C            SINCE RSIGLT = .5945*QMAD*(.8235+0.42625*RLTM), WE HAVE
3030C
3040        QMAD = SIG/(.5945*(.8235+0.42625*RLTM) )
3050        QRATE = AD/4.
3060        QTRLT = RLTM/3.
3070C
3080C            NOW COMPUTE REORDER LEVEL
3090C
3100        CALL EXPGAM(QRATE,QMAD,QTRLT,PFILL,IROP)
3110C
3120        IF(IROP.LT.0) IROP=0
3130        SL=IROP-RLT
3140C
3150C
3160C            SKIP THE LIMIT CALCULATION
3170C
3180        GO TO 600
3190C
3200C            SET ROP TO ZERO
3210C
3220    397 CONTINUE
3230        IROP=0
3240        SL=IROP-RLT
3250        GO TO 600
3260C
3270*************************************************************************
3280*****
3290    500     CONTINUE
3300C
3310C            BRANCH BY SAFETY LEVEL LIMIT CODE, ICDSLL
3320C
3330        GO TO (510,520),ICDSLL
3340C
3350C            D062 LIMITS, AS OF JUNE 77
3360C
3370    510     CONTINUE
3380C
```

```
3390C            LIMIT SAFETY LEVEL
3400C
3410C
3420C            LIMITS SL TO LESS THAN LEADTIME DEMAND
3430C
3440        SLM=RLT
3450        IF(SL.GT. SLM)SL=SLM
3460C
3470C            LIMIT SL TO LESS THAN 3*SIG
3480C
3490        SLM=3.*SIG
3500        IF(SL.GT. SLM)SL=SLM
3510**
3520C
3530C            LIMITS BASED ON MONTHS OF SUPPLY
3540C
3550  520       CONTINUE
3560C            POWER LIMIT
3570         SLM=SLMULT*RMR
3580         IF(SL.LT.SLM)SL=SLM
3590C            UPPER LIMIT
3600        SLM=SLMAX*RMR
3610         IF(SL.GT.SLM)SL=SLM
3620C
3630C
3640         GO TO 600
3650C*****************************************************
3660C
3670  600       CONTINUE
3680C
3690C       COMPUTE LEVELS
3700C
3710        ISLEVL(N)=SL+0.5
3720        IROTY(N)=Q+0.5
3730        IROL(N)=SL+RLT+0.5
3740         IF(IROL(N).LT.0) IROL(N) = 0
3750        ITL(N) =SLMAX*RMR+RLT+GTLF*RMR+0.5
3760        IF(ITL(N).LT.0) ITL(N)=0
3770        IRL(N)=FLOAT(ITL(N))+GRLF*RMR+0.5
3780        IF(ITL(N).LE.ITLMIN) ITL(N)=ITLMIN
3790        IF(IRL(N).LE.IRLMIN)IRL(N)=IRLMIN
3800        ISUL(N)=GSULF*RMR+0.5
3810 3000  CONTINUE
3820        ROL=FLOAT(IROL(N))
3830        IF(IHBUG.LT.1) RETURN
3840       RK=0.
3850       IF(SIG.GT.0.) RK = SL/SIG
3860        WRITE(6,8903)N,IROTY(N),IROL(N),ITL(N),IRL(N),ISUL(N),RK,
38708            SL,PFNOW,AD,PFILL
3880 8903   FORMAT(4X,'****LEVELN--N=',I5,'  IROTY=',I5,'  IROL=',I5,
3890&       '  ITL=',I5,'  IRL=',I5,'  ISUL=',I5,'   RK=',F9.4,
3900&       /,T50,'   SL=',F9.1,'   PFNOW=',F6.3,'   AD=',F9.1
3910&         ,'     PFILL =',F6.3 )
3920C
3930        RETURN
3940        END
```

LEVLN3.S
LEVELN

```
4750      SUBROUTINE EXPLTD(X,R,QMAD,QTRLT,CUMPX)
4760C
4770      COMMON/INT/IWT(20)
4780C
4790C           SET WRITE FLAGS
4800C
4810      IDETL = IWT(10)
4820      IPNTSZ = IWT(11)
4830      CUMPT=0.
4840      CUMPX=0.
4850C
4860C           INITIALIZE PDF PARAMETERS
4870C
4880      A1= 0.331
4890      B1 = -0.463
4900C
4910      A2= 0.069
4920      B2= 0.7979
4930C
4940C           GAMMA CONSTANT FOR MEAN=1 AND CV=.353
4950      C1= 0.0015373
4960C
4970C
4980C-------------------------------------
4990C
5000C
5010C           INITIALIZE FOR T INTEGRATION
5020C
5030      DT = .1
5040      T = DT
5050      CUMPT=0.
5060      CUMPX=0.
5070C
5080C           BEGIN "T" INTEGRATION LOOP
5090C
5100      DO 100 I=1,100
5110C
5120C           COMPUTE STANDARDIZED ERROR ZT
5130C
5140      TQTR= T*QTRLT
5150      ZT = (X - R*TQTR)/ (QMAD*SQRT(TQTR) )
5160C
```

```
C                COMPUTE P( T )
C
      GT = C1*(B1*T)**A1 * EXP(-B1*T) * DT
C
C                COMPUTE P(Z <= ZT & T)
C
      IF( ZT.LE.0.) PZ =A2*EXP(B2*ZT)
      IF( ZT.GT.0.) PZ= 1. - A1*EXP( B1*ZT)
C
C                COMPUTE P( X <= X &T) P( T)
C
      PXT = PZ*GT
C
C                UPDATE CUMULATIVE PROBABILITIES
C
      CUMPT = CUMPT + GT
      CUMPX = CUMPX + PXT
C
      IPRNT=0
      IF( (IPNTSZ.GT.0) .AND. (MOD(I,IPNTSZ) .EQ. 0) )
     8          IPRNT=1
      IF(IDETL.LE.0) IPRNT=0
      IF(IPRNT.GT.0) WRITE(6,63) X,T,GT,PXT,CUMPT,CUMPX,ZT,PZ
   63 FORMAT(2F8.2,6F10.4)
C
C
C                INCREMENT T
C
      T = T+DT
C
C                STOP IF CUMPT > .999
C
      IF(CUMPT.GT. 0.999) GO TO 120
C
C--------------END OF "T" LOOP--------
  100 CONTINUE
C
  120 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

```
3950      SUBROUTINE EXPGAM(ORATE,QMAD,TOTR,PFILL,IROP)
3960C
3970C           COMPUTE A RE-ORDER POINT (IROP) TO GIVE
3980C             A FILL RATE OF PFILL.
3990C
4000      COMMON/IWT/IWT(20)
4010C
4020C           SET LOW POINT FOR P.D.F
4030C
4040      QMADLT = QMAD*SQRT(TOTR)
4050      XLOW = ORATE*TOTR - 5.*QMADLT
4060      XLOW = IFIX(XLOW + 0.5)
4070      IF(XLOW .LT.0.) XLOW = 0.
4080      CALL EXPLTD(XLOW,ORATE,QMAD,TOTR,CUMPX)
4090C
4100      IF(PFILL.GT.CUMPX) GO TO 500
4110C
4120C         VERY LOW SUPPORT NEEDED.
4130C           SET REORDER POINT TO XLOW
4140C
4150      IROP = XLOW
4160      RETURN
4170C
4180C           SET LOW POINT FOR SEARCH
4190C
4200  500  CONTINUE
4210      PLOW= CUMPX
4220C
4230C           COMPUTE DELTA-X
4240C
4250     DX = QMADLT
4260      IF(DX.LT.1.) DX = 1.
4270      IF(DX.GT.1.) DX = IFIX( DX + 0.5)
4280C
4290C           INITILIZE HIGH VALUES FOR SEARCH
4300C
4310     X= XLOW + DX
4320C
4330C           FIND P(OLT <= X)
4340C
4350 510 CONTINUE
```

```
      CALL EXPLIP(X,DRATE,QMAD,TOTD,CUMPX)
      IF(INT(10).GT.0) WRITE(6,523)X,CUMPX,XLOW,PLOW
523   FORMAT("---EXPGAM.  X=",F8.1,"    CUMPX=",F8.4,
     &       "    XLOW =",F8.1,"    PLOW =",F8.4)
C
C
C           HAVE WE BOUNDED THE DESIRED FILL RATE
C            IF SO, GO TO 600 AND INTERPOLATE FOR ROP.
C
      IF(PFILL.LE. CUMPX ) GO TO 600
C
C          IF CUMPX > .99, STOP ANYWAY.
C
      IF(CUMPX.GE. 0.99) GO TO 580
C
C           NO, WE HAVE TO KEEP TRYING. RESET FOR SEARCH
C
      XLOW = X
      PLOW = CUMPX
C
      X= X + DX
      GO TO 510
C
C           SET IROP = THIS X
C
580   CONTINUE
      IROP = X+ 0.5
      RETURN
C
C           THE ROP IS BOUNDED.  NOW INTERPOLATE.
C
600   CONTINUE
C
      X = XLOW + (PFILL - PLOW)* ( X - XLOW)/ (CUMPX - PLOW)
C
      IROP = IFIX( X + 0.5)
C
      RETURN
      END
```

```
CATALOG/FILE DESCRIPTION=  INVB/LPGFOR.S

5*FILE  LPGFOR.S
00C
/C              FORTRAN VERSION OF LPGFOR.S
08C
10C
15      CHARACTER ADDLR*1
16C
20C
22C
25            CHARACTER ADDLR*1
30            COMMON/LPGPRM/T1,RL1,A1,B1,ID7,ID8
40C
50C           T(K+1) = T(X,K) FOR THE CURRENT X
60C          T2(K+1) = T(X-1,K) FROM PREVIOUS X CALCULATION
70C
80C
90C                  READ(5,13)  PARAMETERS
91C
92   90 CONTINUE
92        PRINT , "IDY,ID8 "
93        READ(5,13)  ID8, ID7
94C
95   13 FORMAT (V)
100       CALL LPG0
110C                   DO LPG RECURSION
120       CALL LPGREC
130C            DO SCALED NEG BINOMIAL CALCULATIONS
140       CALL LPG3
142C
143C              CALL NAHMIAS EXACT LPG ROUTINE
144C
145       CALL LPG1
146C
150       WRITE(6,13) "CONTINUE (Y OR N)"
155       READ(5,13)  ADDLR
160       IF( ADDLR.EQ."Y" )GO TO 90
170       STOP
171       END
172C
173C
174       SUBROUTINE LPG0
175           COMMON/LPGPRM/T1,RL1,A1,B1,ID7,ID8
177    13 FORMAT(V)
178C
179       DIMENSION T(200),T2(200)
180C
181       WRITE(6,13)
182      WRITE(6,13)
190 WRITE(6,13) "LPG0.S--EXACT LPG PROB CALCULATIONS USING RECURSION"
191       WRITE(6,13)
192       WRITE(6,13)
```

```
200C
210   WRITE(6,13) "READ(5,13)  AVE REQ, E(D), E(L), C.OF.V OF LT "
220   READ(5,13)  RO,D1,E1,C
230      WRITE (3,13) RO,D1,E1,C
240C
250C                          SOLVE FOR THETA = T1
260      CALL BSRCH (RO,0)
270    T1=0
280C
290C                    ESTIMATE PARAMETERS FOR LPG
300C                  S = STD DEV,  B = VAR TO MEAN RATIO
310      S = C*E1
320      B = S*S/E1
330       U1= D1*E1
340C
350    B1=1/B
360    A1 =B1*E1
370    R1=-T1/( (1-T1) *ALOG(1-T1) )
380    RL1 = U1/(E1*R1)
390C
400    WRITE(6,13) "AVE REQ SIZE =",R1
410 WRITE(6,13)
420      WRITE(6,13) "THETA =",T1,"LAMBDA =",RL1
430      WRITE(6,13) "ALPHA=",    A1,"BETA =",B1
440C
450C
460      RM1=-T1/((1-T1)*ALOG(1-T1)*RL1*A1/B1)
470 WRITE(6,13)
480 WRITE(6,13) "MEAN =",RM1
490 WRITE(6,13)
500C         ESTIMATE THE FIRST FOUR MOMENTS RM1,RM2,RM3,RM4 OF THELPG DISTRI
510      D1 = B1*(1-T1)
520      C4 = -RL1*T1/(ALOG(1.-T1))
530C
540C
550       RM1 = A1*C4/D1
560C
570       RM2 = A1*C4*(B1+C4)/D1**2
580C
590       RM3 = A1*C4*((B1**2)*(1+T1) +2*C4**2)/D1**3
600C
610      RM4 = B1**3*(1+4*T1+T1**2) + B1**2*C4*(3.*A1 + 1.)
620       RM4 = RM4 + 6*B1*C4*C4*A1 +C4**3*(3*A1+6. )
630       RM4 = A1*C4*RM4/D1**4
640C
650       WRITE(6,13) "MOMENTS"
660       WRITE(6,13) "RM1       RM2       RM3       RM4"
670       WRITE(6,13) RM1,RM2,RM3,RM4
680C
690C               COMPUTE STANDARDIZED MOMENTS
700       WRITE(6,13)
710       S = SQRT(RM2)
720       WRITE(6,13) "COEF OF VAR =", S/RM1
730       WRITE(6,13) "RM3/S**3= ", RM3/S**3
740       WRITE(6,13) "RM4/S**4= ", RM4/S**4
750C
760C                OUTPUT LPG PARAMETERS TO FILE
770C
780            WRITE (8,13) RM1,S/RM1,RM3/S**3,RM4/S**4
790            WRITE (8,13) T1,RL1,A1,B1
800            RETURN
801       END
```

```
      SUBROUTINE LPGREC
C*****************************************************************
C                  LPG RECURSION CALCULATION
C*****************************************************************
C
      COMMON I/LPGCOM/T1,RL1,A1,B1,RL2,IDB
      DIMENSION T(200),T2(200)
C
C                  REDEFINE C FOR PROBABILITY CALCULATIONS
C
      WRITE(6,13)" ***LPGREC,T1,RL1,A1,B1 ",T1,RL1,A1,B1
      C= -RL1/ALOG(1.-T1)
      C1 = C/(RL1 + B1)
C
C                  SET LIMIT ON X = 200
C
      RL2=200
C
      C2=0
C
C                  SET CONSTANTS FOR USE IN RECURSION
C
      S7=1
      H1=(B1/(RL1+B1))**A1
      H1=S7*H1
C                        S7 = SCALE FACTOR
      H2=(C/(RL1+B1))
C
      WRITE(6,13)"C,C1,H1,H2",C,C1,H1,H2
   13 FORMAT(V)
C
C                   EVALUATE H(X=0)
C
      T(1) = 0
      T2(1) = H1
      S1 = H1
      C2 = C2 + S1/S7
C
      WRITE(6,13)
      WRITE(8,13) 0,S1,C2
C
      WRITE(6,13)
      WRITE(6,13) "          X              H(X)           F(X)"
      WRITE(6,13)
      WRITE(6,13) 0,S1,C2
C
C
C             EVALUATE H(X) FOR X .GT. 0
 1200 CONTINUE
      L2=RL2
      DO 1050 IX=1,L2
      X=IX
      IXP1=IX+1
      S1 = 0
      T(1)=0
```

LPGFOR.S
LPGREC

```
1240C
1250      T(IX+1)=(T1*H2*(A1+X-1)/X)*T2(IX)
1260C
1270     IF( X .LT. 2 )GO TO 1380
1280C
1290C
1300C
1310      DO 1360 K=1,IX-1
1320      T(K+1)=(T1/X) * (H2*(A1+K-1)*T2( K) +(X-1)*T2(K+1))
1330      S1=S1+T(K+1)
1340          IF( ID3 .LE. 0 )GO TO 1360
1350      WRITE(6,13)"X,K,T(,K),S1 ",X,K,T(K),S1
1360  1360 CONTINUE
1370C                   PICK UP T(X,X) TERM IN SUM
1375  1380 CONTINUE
1380      S1=S1 +T(I(+1).
1390C
1400C                   WRITE(6,13) TOTALS FOR H(X)
1410C
1420       C2 = C2 + S1/S7
1430      WRITE(6,13) IX,S1,C2
1440      WRITE(8,13) IX,S1,C2
1450C
1460C                   IF( CUM PROB EXCEEDS .99, STOP
1470C
1480       IF( C2 .GT. .99 )GO TO 1670
1490C
1500C                   WRITE(6,13) T(K) TERMS FOR DEBUGGING
1510C
1520      IF( ID8 .LE. 0 )GO TO 1560
1530      DO 1550 KK=1,IXP1
1535       K=KK-1
1540      WRITE(6,13) "X,K,T(X,K) =>",X,K,T(KK)
1550  1550 CONTINUE
1560  1560 CONTINUE
1570C
1580C                   RECORD T(K) VALUES FOR USE IN NEXT PASS
1590C
1600      DO 1620 KK=1,IXP1
1610        T2(KK)=T(KK)
1620  1620 CONTINUE
1630C
1640C      ----------------------END OF X LOOP
1650  1650 CONTINUE
1660C
1665  1670 CONTINUE
1670      WRITE (8,13) -99,-99,-99,"    END OF LPG"
1680      RETURN
1683      END
1690C      **********************************************END OF LPG RECURSION
```

LPGFOR.S
LPGREC

```
1700C
1710        SUBROUTINE BSRCH(RO, I)
1720C
1721              COMMON/ZLPGPRM/ZT1,BT1,A1,BT,IP7,ID8
1730C       ------------------------------------AVE REQ SIZE EQUATION
1740C---------- FUNCTION FNR(Q) = -.Z( (1-Q)*ALOG(1-Q)   )
1744C
1745C             SEE 2182-2190 FOR FNR(Q) DEFINITION.
1746C
1750C
1760C       -----------------------------------
1770C                         BINARY SEARCH ROUTINE
1780C        -----------------------------------
1790C
1800C             SOLVE FOR THE VALUE OF Q WHICH GIVES AND
1810C               AVE. REQUISITION SIZE OF RO
1820C
1830C           SET UP END POINTS FOR SEARCH
1840C
1850      K= 0
1860     Q9=.999
1870     R9=FNR(Q9)
1880     Q1=.001
1890     R1=FNR(Q1)
1900       GOTO 2080
1910C
1920C            CHECK IF( RO .LE. R
1930C
1935 1940 CONTINUE
1940       IF( RO .GT. R )GO TO 2000
1950C
1960C                  RE-SET TOP OF INTERVAL
1970       R9=R
1980       Q9=Q
1990        GOTO 2080
1991C
1992 2000 CONTINUE
2000C
2010C                   RE-SET BOTTOM OF INTERVAL
2020       R1=R
2030        Q1=Q
2040         GOTO 2080
2050C
2060C                 HALVE THE INTERVAL, AND RE-EVALUATE THE FUNCTION
2070C
2075 2080 CONTINUE
2080        K=K+1
2090       Q=(Q1+Q9)/2
2100        R=FNR(Q)
2120C
2130C                 IF( R IS WITHIN .001 OF RO, )GO TO RETURN
2140C
2141       IF(ID8.GT.0) WRITE(6,23) K,RO,R,Q
2142  23  FORMAT(" ***BSRCH--K,RO,R,Q",I5,3F8.3)
2150        IF( ABS(R-RO) .LT. .001 )GO TO 2180
2160        IF( K .GT. 15 )GO TO 2180
2170         GOTO 1940
2175 2180 CONTINUE
2180     RETURN
2181       END
```

LPGFOR.S
BSRCH

```
2182        FUNCTION FNR(Q)
2183          FNR=-Q/((1-Q)*AL()(1-Q))
2184        RETURN
2185        END
```

```
2380      SUBROUTINE LPG1
2400 DIMENSION Y(100,100)
2410      COMMON/LPGPRM/T1,RL1,A1,B1,ID7,ID8
2411 WRITE(6,13) "THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES EXACT PROB FOR THE LPG DIST"
2412  13 FORMAT(V)
2420 WRITE(6,13) "THETA =",T1,"LAMBDA =",RL1,"ALPHA =",A1,"BETA =",B1
2430      WRITE(6,13) 1,2,3,4
2440      WRITE(6,13) T1,RL1,A1,B1
2450 C = - RL1 /ALOG(1 -T1)
2460 RM1 = -T1/((1-T1)*ALOG(1-T1))*RL1*A1/B1
2470 C1 =C/(RL1 + B1)
2480 L2 = IFIX(100*RM1)
2490 C2 =0
2500      DO 2590 IXP1=1,L2+1
2504         X=IXP1-1
2506         IX=X
2510      Y(IXP1,1)=0
2520      F1=1.
2521C
2522C           COMPUTE (X-1)
2523C
2530 IF( X.LT.2.)GO TO 2570
2540     DO 2500 K=1,IX-1
2550 F1 = F1*K
2560 2560 CONTINUE
2565 2570 CONTINUE
2570 Y (IXP1,IXP1)=1./F1
2580 F1 = 1
2590 IF( X.GT. 0. )GO TO 2630
2600 S1 =(B1/(RL1 +B1))**A1
2610 GO TO 2740
2620C
2625 2630 CONTINUE
2630      S1=0.
2640      DO 2720 KK=1,IX
2641         KP1=KK+1
2650 IF( IX .EQ. 1 )GO TO 2670
2660 Y(IXP1,KP1)=Y(IXP1-1,KP1-1)/(IXP1-1) + Y(IXP1-1,KP1)
2665 2670 CONTINUE
2670 F1=1.
2680 DO 2700 JJ=1,KK
2685      J=JJ-1
2690 F1 = F1*(A1 + J)*C1
2700 2700 CONTINUE
2710 S1 = S1 + Y(IXP1,KP1)*F1
2720 2720 CONTINUE
2730 S1 = S1*(B1/(RL1 + B1))**A1*T1**X/X
2735 2740 CONTINUE&
```

LPGFOR.S
LPG1

```
2740 C2 = C2 + S1
2750 IF( ID8 .LE.0 )GO TO 2780
2760 WRITE(6,13) X,S1,C2
2770 WRITE (8,13) X,S1,C2
2771 2780 CONTINUE
2780 IF( C2 .GT. .99  )GO TO 2800
2790 2790 CONTINUE
2795 2800 CONTINUE
2800 WRITE (8,13) -99,-99,-99
2810 RETURN
2815      END
```

LPGFOR.S
BSRCH

```
2820C
2830C      ***********************************************************
2840       SUBROUTINE LP32
2845       COMMON/LPGPRM/T1,RL1,A1,B1,ID7,ID8
2850  WRITE(6,13) "SCALED POISSON"
2855    13 FORMAT(V)
2860C
2870  WRITE(6,13) "THETA =",T1,"LAMBDA =",RL1,"ALPHA =",A1,"BETA =",B1
2880  C = -RL1/ALOG(1-T1)
2890  C3= 1./(1.-T1)
2900  K1 = T1*C
2910  C4 = (B1/(K1+B1))**A1
2920  W = K1/(K1+B1)
2930  C2 = 0
2940       DO 3020 MM=1,1001
2945            M=MM-1
2950  P1 = 1
2960  IF( M.NE.0 )GO TO 3000
2970       P1 = C4
2980       GOTO 3040
2990C
2995  3000 CONTINUE
3000       DO 3020 II=1,M
3005          I=II-1
3010  P1 = P1*((A1+M-I-1)/(M-I)*W)
3020  3020 CONTINUE
3030  P1 = P1*C4
3035  3040 CONTINUE
3040  C2 = C2 + P1
3050     IF( ID8.LE.0 )GO TO 3080
3060  WRITE(6,13) M,C3*M,P1,C2
3070  WRITE (8,13) C3*M,P1,C2
3075  3080 CONTINUE
3080   IF( C2.GT..99   )GO TO 3100
3090  3090 CONTINUE
3095  3100 CONTINUE
3100  RETURN
3101       END
```

```
3120C      ********** ***** **********
3130C
3140       SUBROUTINE LPG3
3142C
3144C                NEGATIVE BINOMIAL APPROXIMATION.
3146C
3147       COMMON/LPGPRM/T1,RL1,A1,B1,ID7,ID8
3150 WRITE(6,13) "THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES  LPG USING SCALED BIN"
3155    13 FORMAT(/)
3161       WRITE(6,13)
3170 WRITE(6,13) "THETA =",T1,"LAMBDA =",RL1,"ALPHA =",A1,"BETA =",B1
3180       WRITE(6,13)
3190       WRITE(6,13) "NEG BINOMIAL PROBABILITIES"
3200       WRITE(6,13)
3210      WRITE(6,13) "            X            P            F"
3220       WRITE(6,13)
3230 C = 1/(1.-T1)
3240 RK1 = -T1*RL1/ALOG(1-T1)
3250 C4 = (B1/(RK1+B1))**A1
3260 W = RK1/(RK1+B1)
3270 C2 = C
3280       DO 3550 MM=1,1001
3282         M=MM-1
3290 P1 = 1
3300 IF( M.NE.0 )GO TO 3370
3310 P1 = C4
3320 A = -1
3330  B = IFIX(C/2 +0.5)
3340 S2 = P1/(C/2+1)
3350 GOTO 3440
3360C
3365 3370 CONTINUE
3370       DO 3390 II=1,M
3375         I=II-1
3380 P1 = P1*((A1+M-I-1)/(M-I)*W)
3390 3390 CONTINUE
3400 P1 = P1*C4
3410 IA = IFIX((2*M-1)*C/2+0.5)
3411       RA=IA
3420 IB = IFIX((2*M+1)*C/2+0.5)
3422       RB=IB
3430 S2 = P1/C
3435 3440 CONTINUE
3440 RL3 = C2
3450       DO 3520 IX=IA+1,IB
3455         X=IX
3460 F3 = C2 + S2*(X-RA)
3470 F2 = F3 - RL3
3480 RL3 = F3
3490C
3500 WRITE(6,13) IX,F2,F3
3510 WRITE (8,13) IX,F2,F3
3520 3520 CONTINUE
3530 C2 = C2 + P1
3540 IF( C2 .GT. .99   )GO TO 3560
3550 3550 CONTINUE
3555 3560 CONTINUE
3560    WRITE (8,13) -99,-99,-99,"END OF NB"
3570 RETURN
3575       END
```

LPGFOR.S
LPG3

```
358 0C**********************************************LPG4
3590      SUBROUTINE LPG4
3600C       LPG4.S
3610C                  COMPUTE REQUISITION SIZE R VS THETA TABLE
3620C
3630      DO 3670 I=1,100
3635        T1=I*.01
3640      B = -(1-T1)*ALOG(1-T1)
3650       R = T1/B
3660      WRITE(6,13) T1,R
3665  13 FORMAT(V)
3670  3670 CONTINUE
3680       RETURN
3690C       ***************************************************************
3700C
3710C                        DEFINITIONS IN NAHMIAS' PROGRAM LPG1.S
3720C
3730C                  LAMB          RL1
3740C                  ALPH          A1
3750C                  BET           B1
3760C                  MEAN          RM1
3770C                  CNST          C1
3780C                  LIM           RL2
3790C                  CUM           C2
3800C                  FACT          F1
3810C                  SUM           S1
3820C                  KN            RK1
3830C                  PROD          P1
3840C                  CN            C3
3850C                  CONST         C4
3860C                  LAST          L3
3870C                  FX            F2
3880C                  FFX           F3
3890C                  SL           S2
3900 END
```

LPGFOR.S
LPG4

CATALOG/FILE DESCRIPTION= INVR/SNBROP.S

```
#RUN=INVR/OBJ/SNBROP.O(BCD,NO:60)
*SNBROP.S--CALCULATE SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL CRITICAL POINTS
C
          SUBROUTINE SNBROP(AVEREQ,D1,ELT,CVLT,FCRIT,IROP)
C
      COMMON/IWT/IWT(20)
C
C           ESTIMATE LPG PARAMETERS
C
       IWT6 = IWT(6)
C
       IF(IWT6.GT.0) WRITE(6,13)AVEREQ,D1,ELT,CVLT,FCRIT
C
C            CHECK FOR NO DEMAND OR NO PENALTY FOR SHORTAGES CASE
C               IN THIS EVENT, SET RE-ORDER POINT TO ZERO
C
       IF(D1.LE.0.) GO TO 601
       IF(FCRIT.LE.0.) GO TO 601
C
C
       IF(ELT.LE..1)ELT=.1
       IF(D1.LE.0.1)D1=0.1
       IF(CVLT.LE.0.01)CVLT=0.01
       CALL BSRCH(AVEREQ,Q)
     T1=Q
       S=CVLT*ELT
       B=S*S/ELT
       U1=D1*ELT
C
       B1=1./B
       A1=B1*ELT
       R1=-T1/((1.-T1)*ALOG(1.-T1))
       RL1=U1/(ELT*R1)
C
       IF(IWT6.GT.0) WRITE(6,13)"        B1         A1",
&        "        R1        RL1        C        RK1"
     13  FORMAT(V)
C
C            ESTIMATE SNB PARAMETERS
C
       C=1./(1.-T1)
        RK1=-T1*RL1/(ALOG(1.-T1))
       IF(IWT6.GT.0) WRITE(6,63)B1,A1,R1,RL1,C,RK1
     63 FORMAT(8F9.3)
C
C            (P(X=0.)-P0
C
        P0=(B1/(RK1+B1))**A1
        W=RK1/(RK1+B1)
C
```

```
C         SET UP INITIAL PROBABILITIES
C
      X=0.
      XL=0.
      FXL=0.
      PX=P0
       IF(PX.LE.0.) GO TO 701
      XN=C/2.
      FXN=P0
C
C         IS CUM>FCRIT
C         IF SO, EXIT LOOP.
C
C
C
      IF(INFO.GT.0)WRITE(6,13) "        X        PX",
     X    "        FX          XL          FXL"
C
  220 CONTINUE
      IF((INFO.GT.0).AND.(X.LE.20.))WRITE(6,93)XN,PX,FXN,XL,FXL
   93 FORMAT(1X,2(F10.2,2F10.5))
      IF(FXN.GE.FCRIT) GO TO 410
      IF(FXN.GT. .999)GO TO 510
C
C         COMPUTE NEXT NEG. BIN PROB.
C
C
C         GENERATE SNB PROB TILL X*
C         INTERVAL IS FOUND
C
C
      X = X+1.
      XL=XN
      FXL=FXN
      XN=XN+C
       PX = PX * ( (AI+ X-1.)/ X   ) * W
          IF(PX.LE.0.) GO TO 701
      FXN=FXN+PX
      GO TO 220
C
C         INTERPOLATE TO FIND X*
C
  410 CONTINUE
      XCRIT=XL+(FCRIT-FXL)*(XN-XL)/(FXN -FXL)
C
C         ROUND TO GET FINAL VALUE
C
      IROP=(XCRIT+.5)
      RETURN
C
C          HIGH PROTECTION LIMIT. SET ROP TO UPPER LIMIT OF X.
C
  510 IROP=(XN+0.5)
       RETURN
C
C          DEMAND OR FCRIT IS ZERO. SET ROP=0
C
  601 CONTINUE
```

SNBROP.S

```
1090C
1100          IROP=0
1110           RETURN
1120C
1130C              PS =0, SO USE DEFAULT CALCULATION
1140C
1150   701 CONTINUE
1160              IROP = AVEREQ*D1*ELT*(1.+3.*CVLT)
1170              WRITE(6,723)IROP
1180   723 FORMAT(" ********SNBROP. PX=0, SSO SET ROP=",I8)
1190C
1200              RETURN
1210        END
1220C
1230        SUBROUTINE BSRCH(RO,Q)
1240C
1250            COMMON/IWT/IWT(20)
1260         ID7=IWT(6)
1270        ID8=IWT(6)
1280C        ------------------------------------AVE REQ SIZE EQUATION
1290C---------- FUNCTION ENR(Q) = -Q/( (1-Q)*ALOG(1-Q)   )
1300C
1310C              SEE 2182-2190 FOR ENR(Q) DEFINITION.
1320C
1330C
1340C        ------------------------------------
1350C                          BINARY SEARCH ROUTINE
1360C         ------------------------------------
1370C
1380C              SOLVE FOR THE VALUE OF Q WHICH GIVES AND
1390C                AVE. REQUISITION SIZE OF RO
1400C
1410C              SET UP END POINTS FOR SEARCH
1420C
1430       K= 0
1440      Q9=.999
1450      R9=ENR(Q9)
1460      Q1=.001
1470      R1=ENR(Q1)
1480        GOTO 2080
```

```
1490C
1500C            CHECK IF( R0 .LE. R
1510C
1520 1940 CONTINUE
1530       IF( R0 .GT. R )GO TO 2000
1540C
1550C                    RE-SET TOP OF INTERVAL
1560       R9=R
1570       Q9=Q
1580        GOTO 2080
1590C
1600 2000 CONTINUE
1610C
1620C                     RE-SET BOTTOM OF INTERVAL
1630       R1=R
1640        Q1=Q
1650         GOTO 2080
1660C
1670C                    HALVE THE INTERVAL, AND RE-EVALUATE THE FUNCTION
1680C
1690 2080 CONTINUE
1700        K=K+1
1710       Q=(Q1+Q9)/2
1720        R=FNR(Q)
1730C
1740C                    IF( R IS WITHIN .001 OF R0, )GO TO RETURN
1750C
1760       IF(IDB.GT.0) WRITE(6,23) K,R0,R,Q
1770   23   FORMAT(" ***BSRCH--K,R0,R,Q",I5,3F8.3)
1780        IF( ABS(R-R0) .LT. .001 )GO TO 2180
1790        IF( K .GT.25 )GO TO 2180
1800         GOTO 1940
1810 2180 CONTINUE
1820      RETURN
1830       END
1840       FUNCTION FNR(Q)
1850        FNR=-Q/((1-Q)*ALOG(1-Q))
1860      RETURN
1870      END
```

NEGATIVE BINOMIAL REQUISITION SIZE ROUTINES

DEMPAR

NEGBIN

NEGBN1

RANDEM

CATALOG/FILE DESCRIPTION= HEDG/DEMPR3.S

```
*RUN=*HEDG/OBJ/DEMPR3.OBCD,NOGO)
*DEMPR3.S
      SUBROUTINE DEMPAR(IDPER,IP4,IP5)
C************************************************************************
        PARAMETER NQQQ=38
C************************************************************************
      COMMON/IGBUG/IGBUG
      COMMON/ITIME/ITIME
      COMMON/ITWEEK/ITWEEK
       COMMON/ITMNTH/ITMNTH
       COMMON/ITQTR/ITQTR
       COMMON/ITYEAR/ITYEAR
      COMMON/NENTRY/NENTRY
      COMMON/NEEMAX/NEEMAX
       COMMON/NITEM/NITEM
       COMMON/PRI2F/PRI2F
       COMMON/NDENT/NDENT(1)
       COMMON/IDEMND/IDEMND(1,NQQQ)
       COMMON/IRETUR/IRETUR(1,NQQQ)
       COMMON/IREQ/IREQ(1,NQQQ)
       IF(IGBUG.NE.1) GO TO 25
       IY=ITIME/ITYEAR +1
       IQT=ITIME/ITQTR +1
       ITW=(ITIME-(IY-1)*ITYEAR)/ITWEEK +1
       WRITE(6,103)IY,IQT,ITW
  103  FORMAT(" DEMPAR-----",5X,"YEAR NO.",I3,5X,"QTR NO.",I3,5X,
&       "WEEK NO.",I3)
   25  CONTINUE
C
C          INCREMENT PERIOD COUNTERS
C
       IDPER=IDPER+1
       DO 100 N=1,NITEM
       IQTY=IDEMND(N,IDPER)
       IRET=IRETUR(N,IDPER)
       IRQ=IREQ(N,IDPER)
       IF(IGBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8013)N,NDENT(N),IDPER,IQTY,IRET,IRQ
8013       FORMAT(4X,'****DEMPAR--N=',I5,'  NDENT=',I5,' IDPER=',I5,
&           ' IDEMND=',I5,' IRETRN=',I5,' IREQ=',I5)
       IF(NDENT(N).LE.0) GO TO 100
C
C              GENERATE SERVICEABLE RETURNS, IF ANY
C
       IF(IRET.LE.0)GO TO 30
       IT=ITIME+ITMNTH
       CALL ENTER(IT,4,N,IRET,0)
   30      CONTINUE
C
C       REFLECT      REQUISTION FOR ITEM N
C
C
C           SET REQUISTION COUNTER KNTREQ TO ZERO
C
```

DEMPR3.S
DEMPAR

```
      KNTREQ=0
       IF(IQTY.LE.0) GO TO 100
       ITOT=0
C
C              OBTAIN A REQUISITION SIZE IR BY MONTE CARLO
C
   50     R=RANDEM(.2)
       CALL NEGBNI(R,IRQ)
       ITEMP=ITOT+IRQ
       IR=IRQ
       IF(ITEMP.LE.IQTY) GO TO 60
C
C              LIMIT LAST REQUISITION SO THAT TOTAL DEMAND IN QTR
C                 EQUALS IQTY.
C
       IR=IQTY-ITOT
   60     CONTINUE
C
      KNTREQ= KNTREQ + 1
C
C            IF (NEEMAX-50) REQUISITONS HAVE BEEN
C             GENERATED, PUT ALL REMAINING DEMAND ON THIS REQUISITON.
C
C
       IF( KNTREQ .LT. (NEEMAX - 50) ) GO TO 80
C
      IR = IQTY-ITOT
       WRITE(6,73)ITIME,IR,IQTY
   73 FORMAT(4X,'****DEMPAR--ITIME=',I8,'    F.F.L ',
     &          ' OVERFLOW REQ=',I5,'  OF ',I5)
          WRITE(6,8013)N,NDENT(N),IDPER,IQTY,IRET,IRQ
C
C             DETERMINE PRIORITY OF THIS REQUISITION
C              ASSUMING 50% ARE PRIORITY 1
C
   80 CONTINUE
       IPR=1
       IF(RANDEM(.2).LE. PRI2F) IPR=2
C
C
C              DETERMINE ARRIVAL TIME FOR THIS REQUISITION
C
C       LIMIT ARRIVAL TIME TO NO LATER THAN .5 WEEKS
C       BEFORE THE END OF THE QUARTER
C
       LM=ITOTR-0.5*ITWEEK
       IT=ITIME+RANDEM(.2)*FLOAT(LM)
       IF(IGBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8023)IT,N,R,IRQ,IR,IPR
 8023     FORMAT(4X,'****DEMPAR--IT=',I10,'  N=',I4,'  R=',F5.3,
     &      '  INITAL REQ-SIZE=',I4,'  FINAL REQ-SIZE=',I4,
     &      '  PRIORITY=',I4)
C
C              PUT REQUISITION OF F.E.L.
C
```

DEMPR3.S
DEMPAR

```
1020          CALL ENTER (IT,I,N,IR,IPER)
1030          IIOT=IIOT+I2
1040          IF(IIOT.LE.IOTY) GO TO 50
1050C
1060C********CREATE NEXT DEMPAR EVENT
1070C
1080    100       CONTINUE
1090          IT=ITIME+ITOTR
1100          CALL ENTER(IT,I2,IDPER,0,0)
1110          RETURN
1120          END
1130C               NOTE : GETREQ IS NO LONGER USED.
1140C                      RATHER, NEGBNT GENERATES NEGBIN REQ SIZES.
1150C
```

```
1160        SUBROUTINE GETREQ(R,IQTY,IR)
1170C
1180C           THIS ROUTINE DETERMINES A REQUISITION SIZE
1190C              CORRESPONDING TO A CUM PROB. OF R.
1200C
1210        DIMENSION IQCAT(8),CPROB(10,8),IRQ(10,8)
1220        DATA IQCAT/1,3,10,31,100,316,1000,3162/
1230        DATA CPROB/10*1.,
1240&               .40,.82,8*1.0,
1250&               .27,.52,.65,.78,.86,.91,.92,.95,.96,1.0,
1260&               .23,.53,.73,.78,.82,.90,.92,.97,.99,1.00,
1270&               .06,.38,.60,.73,.81,.85,.89,.93,.98,1.00,
1280&               .015,.23,.42,.50,.66,.70,.76,.92,.97,1.00,
1290&               .012,.17,.31,.37,.48,.55,.60,.78,.87,1.00,
1300&               .01,.03,.32,.50,.60,.66,.86,.96,1.00,1.00/
1310        DATA IRQ/10*1,
1320&                1, 2, 3, 7*3,
1330&                1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,
1340&                1, 4, 6, 8,10,13,15,20,25, 30,
1350&                1, 5,10,15,20,25,30,40,70,100,
1360&                1, 5,10,15,20,25,30,80,150,300,
1370&                1, 5,10,15,20,25,30,80,200,600,
1380&                1,20,40,60,80,100,200,300,600,700/
1390C
1400C
1410C           ESTABLISH DEMAND RATE CATEGORY
1420C
1430        DO 10 I=1,8
1440        IM=I
1450        M=IQCAT(I)
1460        IF(IQTY.LE.M) GO TO 30
1470    10      CONTINUE
1480C
1490C             DETERMINE REQUISITION SIZE
1500C
1510    30      CONTINUE
1520        DO 40 I=1,10
1530        IF(CPROB(I,IM).GE.R) GO TO 60
1540    40      CONTINUE
1550    60      CONTINUE
1560C
1570C             SET REQUISITION SIZE
1580C
1590        IF(I.GT.1)GO TO 80
1600        IR=1
1610        RETURN
1620    80      CONTINUE
1630        IF(I.LT.10)GO TO 100
1640        IR=IRQ(10,IM)
1650        RETURN
1660   100      CONTINUE
1670        DPROB=CPROB(I,IM)-CPROB(I-1,IM)
1680        RPROB=R-CPROB(I-1,IM)
1690        DRQ=IRQ(I,IM)-IRQ(I-1,IM)
1700        IR=IRQ(I-1,IM)+IFIX(RPROB*DRQ/DPROB+.5)                    DEMPR3.S
1710        RETURN                                                     GETREQ
1720        END
```

```
2270C                 COMPUTE GRAND MEAN  X9
2280C
2290   50 CONTINUE
2300      X9=T9/C9
2310C
2320C           IF THERE IS ONLY 1 OBSERVATION, ASSUME R=.0439
2330C
2340      IF (NPT .GT. 1) GO TO 59
2350C
2360C           USE AVERAGE R9 VALUE.
2370C
2380   51 R9=.0439
2390      P9=(X9-1)/R9
2400      Q9=P9+1
2410C
2420C           IF P9 =0, USE AVE ITEM VALUES
2430C
2440      IF(P9.LE.0.) GO TO 41
2450      GO TO 170
2460C
2470C               COMPUTE VAR(X) ESTIMATE
2480C
2490   59 CONTINUE
2500      V=0.
2510      DO 60 I=1,NPT
2520      V=V+C(I)*(X(I)-X9)**2
2530   60 CONTINUE
2540      V=V/(FLOAT(NPT-1))
2550      S=SQRT(V)
2560C
2570C           IF VARIANCE > (X9-1), CONTINUE TO 100, OTHERWISE,
2580C                A NEGATIVE BINOMIAL MODEL DOESN'T FIT.
2590C
2600      IF(IWT(3).GE.2) WRITE(6,73)NPT,X9,V,S,S/X9,(X(I),I=1,NPT)
2610   73 FORMAT(T20,'NPT=',T30,I10/
2620&           T20,'MEAN=',T30,F13.2/
2630&           T20,'VAR=',T30,F13.2/
2640&           T20,'STD DEV=',T30,F13.2/
2650&           T20,'COEF OF V=',T30,F13.2/
2660&           T20,'X(I)=',T30,20F6.2)
2670      IF(V.GT.(X9-1))GO TO 100
2675     IF(IWT(3).GE.1)
2680&       WRITE(6,63)NPT,X9,V,S,S/X9,(X(I),I=1,NPT)
2690   63 FORMAT(4('*****'),'NEGBIN. VAR(X) <= MEAN.',
2710&         T20,'NPT,MEAN,VAR,STD DEV,C.OF.V =',I4,4F13.2/
2720&         T20,'X(I)=',20F6.2)
2730C
2740C           CHECK FOR CONSTANT REQ SIZE. IF NOT , GO TO 51
2750C
2760      IF( (V.GT. 0.05) .OR. (NPT.LT.4) ) GO TO 51
2770C
2780C           USE CONSTANT REQ SIZE
2790C
```

```
C
      IF(F-PREQS(NREQS)
      IF(I.LT.200) GO TO 184
      IF(DIF.LT.0.01000 TO 185
C
C                  COULT IT
C
  184 NREQS=NREQS+1
      IF(NREQS.GT.100) GO TO 200
C
      IREQS(NREQS)=I+1
      PREQS(NREQS)=F
  185 CONTINUE
C
      IF(F.GT.0.999)GO TO 200
C
  190 CONTINUE
  200 CONTINUE
C
C                  PUT LAST POINT INTO PREQS(I) TABLE
C
      NREQS=NREQS +1
      IF(NREQS.GT.100) NREQS=100
      IREQS(NREQS)=I+1
      PREQS(NREQS)=1.0
C
C                   IF IWT(3).GE.2, WRITE PROBABILITY ARRAY
C
  210  IF(IWT(3).LT.2)GO TO 250
      WRITE(6,213)
  213 FORMAT(//T20,'REQUISITION SIZE C.D.F.'//
     &                    '    I     R    P(X<=R)'/)
      DO 230 I=1,NREQS
C
      WRITE(6,223)I,IREQS(I),PREQS(I)
  223 FORMAT(I4,I6,F11.4)
  230 CONTINUE
  250  CONTINUE
       IF(IWT(3).GE.2)WRITE(6,323)
  323  FORMAT(//T20,'INITIAL REQUISITION COUNTS'//
     &                  T7,'QTR',T15,'UNITS',T27,'REQ'//)
C
C           USE MONTE CARLO TO SET FIRST NDHIS
C           REQ COUNTS CONSISTENT WITH THE NEG BIM ESTIMATES
C
      DO 380 I=1,NDHIS
        IQTY=IDEMND(I)
      KNT=0
      ITOT=0
      IF(IQTY.LE.0)GO TO 370
C
C           GENERATE REQUISITIONS TELL TOTAL UNITS=>IQTY.
C
```

```
2800       NREQS = 1
2810       PREQS(1) = 1.00
2820       IREQS(1) = X9 + .5
2830       GO TO 210
2840C
2850C
2860C
2870C                    COMPUTE NEGATIVE BINOMIAL PARAMETERS
2880C
2890  100 Q9=V/(X9-1)
2900       P9=Q9-1
2910       R9=(X9-1)/P9
2920       R2=(X9-1)**2/(V-X9+1)
2930C
2940C             LET
2950C                  IREQS(I)=ITH REQUISITION SIZE
2960C                  PREQS(I)=PROBABILITY REQUISITION SIZE <=IREQS(I)
2970C                  NREQS=NUMBER OF POINTS IN REQUISITION SIZE C.D.F. APP
2980C
2990C                  R9,P9,Q9=NEGATIVE BINOMIAL PARAMETERS
3000C
3010C                   COMPUTE NEGATIVE BINOMIAL PROBABILITIES
3020C                       USING R9 AND Q9
3030C
3040C                  INITIALIZE VARIABLES
3050  170 CONTINUE
3060       IF(IWT(3).GE.2)WRITE(6,173)R9,P9,Q9
3070  173 FORMAT(///'NEG. BIN PARAMETERS'//
3080&              '    R9=',F8.3,'    P9=',F8.3,'    Q9=',F8.3)
3090C
3100       Y=0.
3110       P=1/(Q9**R9)
3120       F=P
3130         AVE= 1-P
3140       P8=P9/Q9
3150       IREQS(1)=1
3160       PREQS(1)=F
3170       NREQS=1
3180C
3190C                    COMPUTE NEGATIVE BINOMIAL PROBABILITIES
3200C
3210C             MAX REQUISITION SIZE ALLOWED = 1000 UNITS
3220       DO 190 I=1,1000
3230       IPRNT=1
3240       IF(I.GT.20)IPRNT=0
3250       IF(MOD(I,10).EQ.0)IPRNT=1
3260       IF( (IWT(3).GE.3).AND.(IPRNT.EQ.1))WRITE(6,183)I,Y,P,F,AVE
3270  183 FORMAT(' I,Y,P,F,AVE=',I10,F10.0,3F10.4)
3280       Y=I-1
3290       P=((Y+R9)/(Y+1))*P8*P
3300       F=F+P
3310         AVE=AVE + (1-F)
3320C
3330C                    RECORD APPROXIMATION TO F(X) AT LEAST EVERY .01 INCR
```

```
3870      350  P=RANDU(.2)
3880           CALL NEGBIN(R,IR)
3890           ITOT=ITOT+IR
3900           KNT=KNT+1
3910           IF(ITOT.LT.IQTY)GO TO 350
3920C
3930C                SET NUMBER OF REQUISITIONS EQUAL TO KNT.
3940C
3950      370  IREQ(I)=KNT
3960C
3970C               WRITE DEBUG MESSAGE.
3980C
3990           IF(INT(3).GE.2)WRITE(6,373)I,IDEMND(I),IREQ(I)
4000      373  FORMAT (3I10)
4010C
4020      380  CONTINUE
4030           RETURN
4040           END
```

DEMPR3.S
NEGBIN.S

```
      SUBROUTINE NEGBIN(R,IR)
C*****************************************************************
      PARAMETER NOQ=30
C*****************************************************************
      COMMON/IXL/IXI(20)
      COMMON/IDEMND/IDEMND(NOQ,0)
      COMMON/IREQ/IREQ(NOQ,Q)
      DIMENSION A(10),C(10),D(10)
      COMMON/NEGBND/ NREQS, IREQS(100),PREQS(100)
C                  GIVEN R, A U(0,1) PSEUDO RANDOM NUMBER,
C                 DETERMINE THE CORRESPONDING REQUISITION SIZE IR.
C
      DO420 I=1,NREQS
      IF(R.LE.PREQS(I))GO TO 430
420   CONTINUE
430   CONTINUE
C
C                 SET THE REQUISITION SIZE IR
C
      IF(I.GT.1)GO TO 460
      IR=IREQS(1)
      RETURN
C
460   CONTINUE
      IF (I.LT. NREQS)GO TO 480
      IR=IREQS(NREQS)
      RETURN
C
480   CONTINUE
      IM1=I-1
      IRI=IREQS(I)
      IRIM1=IREQS(IM1)
      IRDIF=IRI-IRIM1
      IF(IRDIF.GT.1)GO TO 510
      IR=IRI
      RETURN
C
C                    INTERPOLATE TO DETERMINE REQUISITION
C
510   CONTINUE
      DPROB=PREQS(I)-PREQS(IM1)
      RPROB=R-PREQS(IM1)
      IR=IRIM1+IFIX((RPROB*IRDIF/DPROB)+0.5)
      RETURN
C
      END
```

DEMPR3.S
NEGBN1

```
4530C-------------------RANDEM--U(0,1) RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR.
4540C            RANDEM--U(0,1)  RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR.
4560       FUNCTION RANDEM(X)
4570C            A CALL WITH X < 0. INITIALIZES THE RANDOM NUMBER STREAM.
4580       IF(X) 10,20,20
4590    20 RN=RHO*RANDEM
4600       RN1=AMOD(RN,BN)
4605       RANDEM=RN1/BN
4610       RETURN
4620    10 RHO=7.0**13
4630       BN=10.0**10
4640       RANDEM=-X
4650       GO TO 20
4660       END
```

CATALOG/FILE DESCRIPTION= HEDG/INITM3.S

```
@ASG,A=*HEDG/033/INITM3,0(BCD,4050)
*INITM3.S
      SUBROUTINE INITEM
C-----------------------------------------------------------------
      PARAMETER NOQQ=38
C-----------------------------------------------------------------
     CHARACTER ALC,FSN,UM,NOUN,MGTCD
     COMMON/FSN/ALC,FSN(4),UM,NOUN(2),MGTCD(4),IOH,IOR,IPPL,IPPPR
      COMMON/ISLEZ/ISLEZ
       COMMON/IDEBUG/IDBUG
       COMMON/ITDAY /ITDAY
       COMMON/ITMNTH/ITMNTH
       COMMON/NITEM/NITEM
      COMMON/NDEM/NDEM
      COMMON/NDHIS/NDHIS
      COMMON/INEQ/INEQ
      COMMON/INTYPE/INTYPE
      COMMON/IFBUG/IFBUG
       COMMON/IBOP/IBOPOH(3),IBOPOR(3)
       COMMON/IDEMND/IDEMND(1,NOQQ)
       COMMON/RMREOS/RMREOS(1)
       COMMON/INVACT/INVACT(1)
       COMMON/NORDPT/IORDPT(1)
       COMMON/NDEMAC/IDEMAC(1)
      COMMON/NRETAC/NRETAC(1)
      COMMON/NREQAC/NREQAC(1)
      COMMON/NDEMND/NDEMND(1,NOQQ)
      COMMON/NRETUR/NRETUR(1,NOQQ)
      COMMON/NREQ/NREQ(1,NOQQ)
       COMMON/NDENT/NDENT(1)
       COMMON/INVDUE/INVDUE(1)
       COMMON/NBOPT/NBOPT(1)
       COMMON/NBOTU/NBOTU(1)
      COMMON/NBOIU/NBOIU(1)
      COMMON/NBOIR/NBOIR(1)
      COMMON/NBOTR/NBOTR(1)
       COMMON/REQSIZ/REQSIZ(1)
       COMMON/REQMAD/REQMAD(1)
       COMMON/LTPROD/LTPROD(1)
       COMMON/LTADM/LTADM(1)
       COMMON/UCOST/UCOST(1)
       COMMON/ADR/ADR(1)
       COMMON/ISUL/ISUL(1)
      COMMON/IREQ  /IREQ(1,NOQQ)
      COMMON/IRETUR/IRETUR(1,NOQQ)
       COMMON/IRL/IRL(1)
       COMMON/ITL/ITL(1)
       COMMON/IROL/IROL(1)
       COMMON/IROTY/IROTY(1)
       COMMON/RMTBR /RMTBR(1)
       COMMON/RMEAN/RMEAN(1)
       COMMON/RTREND/RTREND(1)
       COMMON/RMAD  /RMAD(1)
       COMMON/RERSUM/RERSUM(1)
```

INITM3.S

```
      COMMON/KNT    /KNT(1)
      COMMON/GRO   /GRO(3)
      COMMON/GEOOF/GEOOF(3)
      COMMON/ICDFOR/ICDFOR
C
      ENTRY INITM1
C
C           SET NUMBER OF PERIODS OF DATA INPUT
C
      IDPER=NOPEM
C
C       READ DEMAND DATA FOR ITEM N FROM LOGICAL UNIT LR
      LR=INLU
       IKNT=IKNT+NITEM
       DO 100 N=1,NITEM
   10 CONTINUE
C
C           READ ITEM DATA INPUT FROM FILE LR
C
      IF(INTYPE.EQ.2) GO TO 20
C
C           READ BCD INPUT
C
C
      READ(LR,8000,END=200) ALC,FSN,UM,UCOST(N),NOUN,MGTCD,IOH,IOR,
     &      LTADM(N),LTPROD(N),IPPL,IPPPR
C
      RIPPPR=FLOAT(IPPPR)/100.
      IF(IEBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8010)IKNT,ALC,FSN,UM,UCOST(N),NOUN,MGTCD,
     &      IOH,IOR,LTADM(N),LTPROD(N),IPPL,RIPPPR
      IF(IEBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8015)(I,I=1,10)
C
C           READ DEMAND,RETURNS, AND DEQ-FREQUENCY
C
      READ(LR,8000)(IDEMND(N,J),J=1,IDPER)
      IF(IEBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8020)(IDEMND(N,J),J=1,IDPER)
      READ(LR,8000)(IRETUR(N,J),J=1,IDPER)
      IF(IEBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8030)(IRETUR(N,J),J=1,IDPER)
      READ(LR,8000)(IREQ(N,J),J=1,IDPER)
      IF(IEBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8040)(IREQ(N,J),J=1,IDPER)
      GO TO 50
C
C           READ BINARY DATA
C
C
   20      CONTINUE
```

```
      IKNT=IKNT+1
      READ(L2)ALC,FSN,IR,UM,UCOST(N),NOUN,MGTC1,IOH,IOR,
     2       LTADA(N),LTPROD(N),IPPL,NIPPR
      IF(IEBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8010)IKNT,ALC,FSN,UM,UCOST(N),NOUN,
     2       MGTC1,IOH,IOR,LTADA(N),LTPROD(N),IPPL,NIPPR
      READ(L2)ALC,FSN,IR,IDEMND
      IF(IEBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8020)(IDEMND(N,J),J=1,IDPER)
      READ(L2)ALC,FSN,IR,IRETUR
      IF(IEBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8030)(IRETUR(N,J),J=1,IDPER)
      READ(L2)ALC,FSN,IR,IREQ
      IF(IEBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8040)(IREQ(N,J),J=1,IDPER)
C           WRITE INPUT DATA TO FILE 09
C
C
C
 8000     FORMAT(V)
 8010     FORMAT(/I5,1X,A2,1X,A2,A4,A6,A3,1X,A2,F11.2,1X,A6,A4,
     2     T53,2A1,A4,A2,2X,2I7,3I6,F5.2)
 8015     FORMAT(T21,10I10)
 8020     FORMAT('IDEMND  DEMAND/QTR',(T21,10I10))
 8030     FORMAT('IRETUR  RETURN/QTR',(T21,10I10))
 8040     FORMAT('IREQ    REQ   /QTR',(T21,10I10))
C
   50     CONTINUE
C
C          DETERMINE PARAMETERS FOR NEGATIVE BINOMIAL
C               REQUISITION SIZE GENERATION
C
      CALL NEGBIN
C
  100 CONTINUE
        RETURN
C
C            INITIALIZE ITEM ARRAYS FOR A NEW SIM. RUN
C
      ENTRY INIT42
C
       DO 210 N=1,NITEM
C
C                INDICATE ITEM HAS NDHIS PERIODS OF DEMAND HISTORY
C
       NDENT(N)=NDHIS
C
C      ZERO DEMAND HISTORY RECORDS
      NRETAC(N)=0
       NDEMAC(N)=0
      NREQAC(N)=0
C
```

```
1500C            LOAD DEMAND HISTORY ARRAYS
1510C
1520       KK=NMONTH
1530       DO 1 I=1,NMONTH
1540       NIDEMD(N,KK)=IDEMND(N,I)
1550       NRETDR(N,KK)=IRETDR(N,I)
1560       NIBO(N,KK)=IBO(N,I)
1570       KK=KK-1
1580     1   CONTINUE
1590C
1600C        SET INVENTORY DUE-IN TO ZERO
1610     70 INVDUE(N)=0
1620       NORDAT(N)=0
1630C
1640C        SET INITIAL BACKORDER COUNTERS TO ZERO
1650C
1660         NBOTO(N)=0
1670       NBOIO(N)=0
1680       NBOIR(N)=0
1690       NBOTR(N)=0
1700         NBOPI(N)=0
1710C
1720C              COMPUTE DEMAND RATES
1730C
1740       NN=N
1750       CALL FOR576(NN)
1760C
1770C              SET INITIAL INVENTORY ON-HAND EQUAL TO LEAD-TIME DEMAND
1780C
1790       RLT=(LTADM(N)+LTPROD(N))*ADR(N)/12.
1800       INVACT(N) = RLT +0.5
1810C
1820C
1830     210 CONTINUE
1840C
1850C          INITIALIZE GROSS ON-HAND AND ON-ORDER STATISTICS
1860C
1870     110 CONTINUE
1880         DO 130 N=1,NITEM
1890         IF(NIDENT(N).LT.0) GO TO 130
1900         IF(INVACT(N).LE.0) GO TO      120
1910         IBOPOH(1)=IBOPOH(1)+1
1920         IBOPOH(2)=IBOPOH(2)+INVACT(N)
1930         IBOPOH(3)=IBOPOH(3)+IFIX(UCOST(N)*FLOAT(INVACT(N)))
1940     120 CONTINUE
1950         IF(INVDUE(N).LE.0) GO TO      130
1960        IBOPOR(1)=IBOPOR(1)+1
1970         IBOPOR(2)=IBOPOR(2)+INVDUE(N)
1980         IBOPOR(3)=IBOPOR(3)+IFIX(UCOST(N)*FLOAT(INVDUE(N)))
1990     130 CONTINUE
2000     140 CONTINUE
2010         RETURN
2020     200 WRITE(6,8200)
2030    8200 FORMAT(1H1,////20X,'END OF FILE READINF.....'////
2040         CALL OUT                                          INITM3.S
2050        CALL OUTCST
2060         CALL PLOTR
2070         STOP
2080         END
```

```
*#RUN=;HEDG/OBJ/INORD3.O(BCD,NOGO)
*INORD3.S
      SUBROUTINE INORD(N,IOH,INIOR,IBO,IROL,IRQTY)
C*****************************************************************
       PARAMETER NQQQ=38
C*****************************************************************
C
C       THIS SUBROUTINE DETERMINES THE RECEIPT TIME FOR ASSETS
C       ON-ORDER AT THE BEGINNING OF THE SIMULATION.  IT IS
C       CALLED AT THE BEGINNING OF EACH REPLICATION AND ITS
C       OUTPUT IS STORED IN TWO TABLES (IDUE & IORQ) TO BE USED
C       FOR EACH SHORTAGE FACTOR WITHIN THE REPLICATION.  WHEN
C       THE ON-ORDER QUANTITY IS ONE AND A HALF TIMES THE
C       EOQ OR LESS, THE TOTAL ON-ORDER ASSETS ARE ASSUMED
C       TO BE THE RESULT OF ONE PROCUREMENT ACTION AND
C       ALL DUE IN AT ONE TIME.  WHEN ON-ORDER ASSEST
C       EXCEED ONE AND A HALF EOQ'S, THIS SUBROUTINE THEN
C       COMPUTES A DUE-IN DATE FOR EACH REMAINING EOQ SO
C       LONG AS THE COMPUTED DUE-IN DATE IS GREATER THAN
C       IFIVE (IE,500).  WHEN THE DUE-IN DATE IS LESS
C       THAN IFIVE, THE REMAINING ON ORDER IS SET AS DUE-IN
C       AT IFIVE.
C
       COMMON/IDBUG/IDBUG
       COMMON/IEBUG/IEBUG
      COMMON/NDHIS/NDHIS
       COMMON/NDEMND/NDEMND(1,NQQQ)
       COMMON/NRETUR/NRETUR(1,NQQQ)
       COMMON/ITDAY/ITDAY
       COMMON/ITMNTH/ITMNTH
       COMMON/LTPROD/LTPROD(1)
       COMMON/LTADM/LTADM(1)
       COMMON/IDUE/IDUE(NQQQ)
       COMMON/IORQ/IORQ(NQQQ)
       COMMON/JCTR/JCTR
C
C      WRITE DEBUG MESSAGE
C
       IF(IEBUG.EQ.1) WRITE(6,901)IOH,INIOR,IBO,IROL,IRQTY
  901 FORMAT("..INORD.S.. IOH=",I6,"  INIOR=",I6,"  IBO=",I6,"  IROL=",
     &I6,"  IRQTY=",I6)
C
C
C      ZERO ON-ORDER ARRAYS
C
       DO 5 I=1,NQQQ
       IDUE(I)=0
       IORQ(I)=0
     5 CONTINUE
C-----------------------------------------------------------------
C                                  LOGIC TO TEST LEAD-TIME SENSITIVITY
C
```

```
      IOPT=1
      IF(IOPT.NE.2) GO TO 7
C
C            SET ALL ON-ORDER STOCK DUE-IN ONE LEAD-TIME IN
C                THE FUTURE.
C            THIS IS A VERY PESSIMISTIC ASSUMPTION.
C
      JCTR=0
      IF(INIOR.LE.0) RETURN
      JCTR=1
      IDUE(1)=(LTADM(N)+LTPROD(N))*ITMNTH
      IORQ(1)=INIOR
       RETURN
    7 CONTINUE
C-----------------------------------------------END OF SENSITIVITY LOGIC
C
C      LET
C
C           ISTKOBJ=STOCKING OBJECTIVE
C           NETASSTS=NET AVAILABLE STOCK
C           IFIVE=CLOCK TIME 5 DAYS INTO SIMULATION
C           CHECKIOR=MAX SIZE FOR ONE REQUISITION
C           IHOLDIOR=WORKING VAR. FOR REMAINING ON-ORDER STOCK
C          NREOQSOO=MAX REQUISITION ON-ORDER (INTEGER)
       IOR=INIOR
       ISTKOBJ=IROL+IRQTY
       NETASSTS=IOH+IOR-IBO
       IFIVE=5*ITDAY
       CHECKIOR=FLOAT(IRQTY)*1.5
       IHOLDIOR=IOR
C
C            IF NREOQSOO >  NDHIS , SET EQUAL TO  NDHIS  TO AVOID ARRAY OV
C
       KQTR=1
C                    COMPUTE MAXIMUM NO OF OUTSTANDING ORDERS
      NREOQSOO=IOR/IRQTY +1
       IF(NREOQSOO.GT. NDHIS )NREOQSOO= NDHIS
       NDMDS=0
       DO 50 J=1,NREOQSOO
       DO 10 K=KQTR,8
       NDMDS=NDMDS+NDEMND(N,K)-NRETUR(N,K)
       IAVAIL=NETASSTS+NDMDS
       IF(IEBUG.EQ.1) WRITE(6,903)J,K,NDMDS,IAVAIL
  903 FORMAT("     ORDER NO=",I2,"   QTR=",I2,"   NET DEMAND=",I6,
&      "    IAVAIL=",I6)
       IF(IAVAIL.GT.ISTKOBJ)GOTO 20
   10 CONTINUE
C
      CALL INTIME(N,RLT)
      XMNTH=(RLT-24.)
      IDUE(J)=XMNTH*FLOAT(ITMNTH)
      IF(IDUE(J).LT.IFIVE)IDUE(J)=IFIVE
```

```
      GOTO 30
C
C           COMPUTE RANDOM TIME WITHIN QTR FOR ORDER RECEIPT.
C           SET IDUE(J)=DUE-IN TIME FOR ORDER NO.J.
C
   20 T=RANDU(.2)
      KQTR=K+1
      ORDQTR=K
     CALL INTIME(N,RLT)
     XMNTH = RLT + 3.*(T-ORDQTR)
      XIDUE=XMNTH*FLOAT(ITMNTH)
      IDUE(J)=IFIX(XIDUE)
C
C           LIMIT DUE-N TIME TO AT LEAST 5 DAYS IN FUTURE.
C
      IF(IDUE(J).GT.IFIVE)GOTO 25
      IDUE(J)=IFIVE
      GOTO 30
C
C          SET IORQ(J)=QUANTITY FOR ORDER J.
C
   25 IF(IOR.LE.CHECKIOR)GOTO 30
      IORQ(J)=IRQTY
       GO TO 35
   30 CONTINUE
      IORQ(J)=IOR
   35 CONTINUE
      IF(J.EQ. NDHIS )IORQ(J)=IHOLDIOR
      IF(IEBUG.EQ.1) WRITE(6,904)T,XMNTH,IDUE(J),IORQ(J),IHOLDIOR
  904 FORMAT("       T=",F10.8,"  XMNTH=",F10.6,"  IDUE(J)=",I7,
&"  IORQ(J)=",I7,"   ON-ORDER BEFORE PLACING THIS ORDER =",I7)
C
C           UPDATE COUNTER VARIABLES
C
      IF(IHOLDIOR-IORQ(J))200,100,40
   40 IHOLDIOR=IHOLDIOR-IORQ(J)
      ISTKOBJ=ISTKOBJ+IRQTY
      IOR=IHOLDIOR
   50 CONTINUE
  100 JCTR=J
      RETURN
C
C           PRINT ERROR MESSAGE
C
  200      CONTINUE
           WRITE(6,213)
  213      FORMAT("******INORD---ERROR--")
           IDBUG=1
           RETURN
      END
```

```
*INTIME.S
C
      SUBROUTINE INTIME(N,RLT)
C           THIS ROUTINE COMPUTES THE ACTUAL LEADTIME, RLT,
C       FOR A GIVEN REPLENISHMENT ORDER FOR ITEM N,
C
C            DEFINITIONS
C           CP(I) = PROB( ACT LT TO PRED LT <= RATIO(I))
C             RATIO(I)= RATIO OF ACTUAL LEADTIME TO PREDICTED LEADTIME
C                       ASSOCIATED WITH CLASS I
C
      COMMON/IWT/IWT(20)
      COMMON/LTPROD/LTPROD(1)
      COMMON/LTADM /LTADM(1)
      COMMON/IRNDLT/IRNDLT
      COMMON/ITIME/ITIME
C
      DIMENSION CP(10),RATIO(10)
C
C             THE CP(I) DATA IS FOR A GAMMA PDF WITH MEAN = 1
C               AND COEF. OF VAR. = .353. > 1/√ALPHA
C                 HENCE, ALPHA = 8, BETA = 1/8.
C           THIS IS THE MEDIAN COEF OF VAR. FOR THE 62 ITEMS
C           REPORTED IN APPENDEX D OF HAYYA(1980).
C
      DATA CP/.000,.077,.255,.490,.700,
     &          .844,.927,.969,.987,1.00/
      DATA RATIO/0.3,.5,.7,     .9, 1.10,
     &          1.3, 1.5, 1.7,  1.9, 2.70/
C
      IDBUG=IWT(1)
C
C             IF IRNDLT = 1, MONTE CARLO TO DETERMINE LEADTIME.
C               OTHERWISE, SET LEADTIME = PREDICTED VALUE.
C
      IF(IRNDLT.EQ.1) GO TO 17
C
C             SET LEADTIME TO PREDICTED VALUE
C
      RLT = LTPROD(N) + LTADM(N)
       RETURN
C
C             OBTAIN A U(0,1) RANDOM NUMBER R
C
   17 CONTINUE
      R=RANDU(.2)
C
C             FIND PROB. CLASS THAT INCLUDES R
C
      DO 20 I=2,10
       IF(R.LE.CP(I)) GO TO 40
   20 CONTINUE
```

```
   40 CONTINUE
C
C              INTERPOLATE FOR EXACT RATIO V
C
      IL=I-1
      RDELT=RATIO(I)-RATIO(IL)
      CPDELT=CP(I)-CP(IL)
C
      V=RATIO(IL) + (RDELT/CPDELT)*(R-CP(IL))
C
      LEADTM= LTPROD(N) + LTADM(N)
      RLT=V*LEADTM
C
      IF(IDBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,113)ITIME,N,R,LEADTM,V,RLT
  113 FORMAT(" ---INTIME-ITIME=",I8,"  N=",I4,"  R=",F4.2,
     &            " PLANNED LEADTIME=",I3," V=",F4.2,
     &            " RANDOM LEADTIME (MNTHS)=",F5.2)
C
      IF(RLT.LT..1) RLT=.1
C
      RETURN
     END
```

```
*$RUN=;HEDG/OBJ/ENTRB3.O(BCD,NOGO)
*ENTRB3.S
      SUBROUTINE ENTERB(N,IQTY,IPRI,JTIME)
C       THIS ROUTINE BACKORDERS REQUISITIONS FOR ITEM N
C          IQTY=QUANTITY PLACED ON BACKORDER
C          IPRI=1  HIGH-PRIORITY REQUISITION
C          IPRI=2  OTHERWISE
C          JTIME= CLOCK TIME RFQ WAS RECEIVED
        COMMON/IDBUG/IDBUG
       COMMON/NBMAX/NBMAX
       COMMON/NLOCBK/NLOCBK
       COMMON/NBOIU/NBOIU(1)
       COMMON/NBOIR/NBOIR(1)
       COMMON/NBOTR/NBOTR(1)
       COMMON/NBOTU/NBOTU(1)
       COMMON/NBOPT/NBOPT(1)
       COMMON/IBACPT/IBACPT(1)
      COMMON/ICANCL/ICANCL(1)
       COMMON/IDFSNB/IDFSNB(1)
       COMMON/ILOCBK/ILOCBK(1)
       COMMON/IPRIOR/IPRIOR(1)
       COMMON/IQTYB/IQTYB(1)
      COMMON/ITIME/ITIME
       COMMON/ITMBAC/ITMBAC(1)
C        RESERVE A STORAGE LOCATION FOR THIS INFORMATION
       IPT=ILOCBK(NLOCBK)
C
C            IF BO FILE IS FULL, CANCEL THIS REQUISITION
C                OTHERWISE, GO TO 5 AND RECORD THIS BO.
      IF(NLOCBK.GE.1) GO TO 5
C                THERE'S NO ROOM.  CANCEL IT.
      IF(IDBUG.GE.1) WRITE(6,7) ITIME,IQTY,IPRI
    7  FORMAT(4X,'****ENTERB--ITIME=',I8,'  ',
     &    'BO FILE IS FULL.  CANCEL ',
     &        ' REQ FOR ',I8,' UNITS, PRI=',I5)
C
      CALL CUM(ICANCL,IQTY,N)
      RETURN
C
    5 CONTINUE
C       UPDATE BACKORDER COUNTERS
C
       NBOTR(N)=NBOTR(N)+1
       NBOTU(N)=NBOTU(N)+IQTY
       IF(IPRI.NE.1)GO TO 10
       NBOIR(N)=NBOIR(N)+1
       NBOIU(N)=NBOIU(N)+IQTY
   10  CONTINUE
       IF(IDBUG.NE.1)GO TO 15
       WRITE(6,13)N,IQTY,IPRI,NBOIU(N),NBOTU(N),NBOIR(N),NBOTR(N),IPT
   13  FORMAT(4X,'****ENTERB--N=',I5,'  IQTY=',I5,'  IPRI=',I5,
      &'  NBOIU=',I5,'  NBOTU=',I5,'  NBOIR=',I5,'  NBOTR=',I5,
```

```
     &' IPT=',I5)
  15   CONTINUE
C        DID THIS REQUISITION CAUSE THE BACKORDER FILE TO OVERFLOW
       NLOCBK=NLOCBK-1
       IF(NLOCBK.GE.0)GO TO 20
C        WRITE ERROR MESSAGE
       WRITE(6,91)
   91    FORMAT(1HO,20X,"ERROR--BACKORDER FILE OVERFLOW,FILE DUMP ON",
     &   " NEXT PAGE")
       WRITE(6,82)
    82 FORMAT(1H1,10X,23H**BACKORDER FILE DUMP**)
       DO 83 K=1,NDMAX
    83 WRITE(6,84) K,ITMBAC(K),IDFSNB(K),IPRIOR(K),IQTYB(K),IBACPT(K)
    84 FORMAT(1H ,3X,7HREC NO=,I3,5X,7HITMBAC=,I7,5X,7HIDFSNB=,I10,5X,7HI
     &PRIOR=,I1,5X,6HIQTYB=,I7,5X,7HIBACPT=,I7)
       RETURN
C      RECORD QUANTITY,PRIORITY,FSN ID,AND TIME DATA FOR THIS BO REQ
    20 ITMBAC(IPT)=JTIME
       IDFSNB(IPT)=N
       IPRIOR(IPT)=IPRI
       IQTYB(IPT)=IQTY
C        ARE ANY OTHER BACKORDERS OUTSTANDING ON ITEM N
       IF(NBOPT(N).GT.0) GO TO 40
C        RECORD POINTER DATA
       NBOPT(N)=IPT
       IBACPT(IPT)=0
       RETURN
C        IS THE NEW BO A PRIORITY 1 REQUISITION
    40 IF(IPRI.EQ.1) GO TO 60
C        NOTE-- NEW LOW PRIORITY BACKORDERS ARE INSERTED LAST ON THE
C                BACKORDER CHAIN. THE REMAINING STEPS IN THIS PORTION
C                OF THE SUBROUTINE ACCOMPLISH THIS OBJECTIVE
C        SET JPT EQUAL TO THE FILE LOCATION NO OF THE FIRST BACKORDERED
C        REQUISITION IN THE CHAIN
       JPT=NBOPT(N)
C        IS JPT THE LAST LINK IN THE CHAIN
    49 IF(IBACPT(JPT).EQ.0) GO TO 50
       KPT=IBACPT(JPT)
       JPT=KPT
       GO TO 49
C        RECORD NEW POINTERS
    50 IBACPT(JPT)=IPT
       IBACPT(IPT)=0
       RETURN
C        SET JPT EQUAL TO LOCATION NO OF FIRST BO ON CHAIN
    60 JPT=NBOPT(N)
C        IS BACKORDER JPT A HIGH PRI BO
    61 IF(IPRIOR(JPT).NE.1) GO TO 80
C        IS JPT THE LAST BACKORDER ON THE CHAIN
       IF(IBACPT(JPT).EQ.0) GO TO 62
       KPT=JPT
       JPT=IBACPT(KPT)
```

```
      GO TO 81
C       INSERT NEW BO AS LAST LINK ON CHAIN
   82 IBACPT(JPT)=IPT
      IBACPT(IPT)=0
      RETURN
C       IS JPT THE ONLY BO ON CHAIN
   80 IF(JPT.NE.NBOPT(N)) GO TO 81
C       INSERT NEW BO AS FIRST LINK ON CHAIN
      NBOPT(N)=IPT
      IBACPT(IPT)=JPT
      RETURN
C       INSERT NEW BO AS LINK BETWEEN KPT AND JPT
   81 IBACPT(KPT)=IPT
      IBACPT(IPT)=JPT
      RETURN
      END
```

DATALC/FILE DESCRIPTION= HFDG/DATAB3.S

```
*#RUN=HFDG/OBJ/DATAB3.O(BCD,UL IB)HFDG/RANDU.O,R
*#  HFDG/OBJ/DEMPR3.O#HFDG/ID62DATA"O3",R
*DATAB3.S
C
C       THIS ROUTINE SELECTS INSSIM RECORDS WITH AVERAGE ANNUAL
C       DEMANDS IN QTRS 1-8 THAT LIE IN THE RANGE RLB TO RUB.
C       REQUISITION COUNTS ARE GENERATED BY MONTE CARLO TO BE
C       CONSISTENT WITH UNIT DEMAND RECORDS.
C
C        THIS ROUTINE ASSUMES INPUT RECORDS ARE BINARY FORMAT AS
C        DEFINED IN INSSIM VOL. I, APPENDIX A.
C
      PARAMETER NQOQ=33
      DIMENSION FSN(4),NOUN(2),IDEM(NQOQ),IRET(NQOO),IREQ(NQOO),MGTCD(4
       CHARACTER MGTCD
       CALL FPARAM(1,132)
      READ(5,3) LOUT,LPRNT,LSKIP
    3    FORMAT(V)
      PRINT, "    LOUT =",LOUT,"  LPRNT =",LPRNT,"  LSKIP =",LSKIP
      READ(5,3)RLB,RUB
      PRINT,"     LOWER BOUND =",RLB,"     UPPER BOUND =",RUB
C
C         INITIALIZE RANDOM NUMBER SEED
C
                R=RANDU(-.1)
C
C         INITIALIZE COUNTERS
C
      KNT=0
      IOUT=0
C
      ISKIP=0
   10     CONTINUE
        ISKIP = ISKIP + 1
   15     CONTINUE
       KNT = KNT + 1
      IF(MOD(KNT,10).EQ.0) WRITE(6,3)"INPUT ITEM # ",KNT
      READ(8, END=200)ALC,FSN,IR,UM,UCOST,NOUN,MGTCD,IOH,IOR,
&          LTADM,LTPROD,IPP,RIPP
   13     FORMAT(A2,A2,A4,A6,A3,I1,A2,F9.2,A6,A4,2A1,A4,A2,
&          2I7,3I2,F4.2)
   23     FORMAT(I7,1X,2A3,A4,1X,A6,A3,1X,I2,A3,F10.2,1X,A6,A4,1X,
&          2A1,A4,A2,2I7,2X,3I3,F5.2)
   33     FORMAT(A2,A2,A4,A6,A3,I1,24I7)
   43     FORMAT(3(/10X,8I7),T95,I10,T120,F11.0)
   53     FORMAT(3(/10X,8I7),T105,I10)
   63     FORMAT(3(/10X,8I7),T115,I10)
       READ(8   )ALC,FSN,IR,IDEM
       READ(8   )ALC,FSN,IR,IRET
       READ(8   )ALC,FSN,IR,IREQ
```

```
C
C           CHECK IF THIS IS AN F104 OR F5 ITEM
C           (I.E. IS WEAPON CODE = MGTCD(3) = 403Z OR 420Z)
C            IF SO, SKIP THE ITEM.
       IF( MGTCD(3).EQ."403Z") GO TO 15
       IF( MGTCD(3).EQ."420Z") GO TO 15
C
C
C          SELECT ITEMS WITHIN THE RANGE RLB-THRU-RUB
C
      ID=0
      IR=0
      DO 80 I=1,8
      ID=ID+IDEM(I)
      IR=IR+IRET(I)
   80     CONTINUE
      TD=UCOST*FLOAT(ID-IR)/2.
C
C
      IF(TD.LT.RLB)GO TO 15
      IF(TD.GT.RUB) GO TO 15
C
      KDEM=0
      KRET=0
      KREQ=0
      DO 110 I=1,NQQQ
      KDEM=KDEM+IDEM(I)
      KRET=KRET+IRET(I)
      KREQ=KREQ+IREQ(I)
       IF(IDEM(I).GT.10000) GO TO 15
       IF(IRET(I).GT. 2000) GO TO 15
C
  110     CONTINUE
C
C           PRINT THIS ITEM
C
C
C
C        REJECT THIS ITEM IF TOTAL DEMANDS OR RETURNS EXCEED
C       20 TIMES THE UPPER-BOUND BOUND RATE.
C
            RMAX=20.*RUB
            RATE=UCOST*FLOAT(KDEM)*4./FLOAT(NQQQ)
           IF(RATE.GT.RMAX) GO TO 15
C
            RATE=UCOST*FLOAT(KRET)*4./FLOAT(NQQQ)
           IF(RATE.GT.RMAX) GO TO 15
      IF(ISKIP.LT.LSKIP) GO TO 10
      ISKIP=0
C
C             GENERATE REQUISITION COUNTS FOR FIRST 8 QUARTERS
C
       DO 100 N=1,NQQQ
C
```

```
      IQTY=IDEM(N)
      ITOTL=0
      IRKNT=0
      IF(IDEM(N).EQ.0)GO TO 81
C
C          GIVEN TOTAL DEMAND (IQTY) IN THE QUARTER, OBTAIN
C            THE NUMBER OF REQUISITIONS BY MONTE CARLO.
C
   60 R=RAND(.2)
C
       CALL GETREQ(R,IQTY,IRQ)
      IRKNT=IRKNT+1
      ITOTL=ITOTL +IRQ
      IF (ITOTL .LT.IQTY)GO TO 60
C
C
       IREQ(N)=IRKNT
     GO TO 100
   81 IREQ(N)=0
  100 CONTINUE
     TDOL=UCOST*FLOAT(KDEM)
     WRITE(6,23)KNT,ALC,FSN,IR,UM,UCOST,NOUN,MGTCD,
&         IOH,IOR,LTADM,LTPROD,IPP,RIPP
     WRITE(6,73)KDEM,KRET,KREQ,TDOL
  73 FORMAT(T95,3I8,F10.0)
     IF(IOUT.GT.LPRNT)GO TO 200
     WRITE(6,77)IDEM
     WRITE(6,77)IRET
     WRITE(6,77)IREQ
  77 FORMAT(10X,16I7)
C
C
C
  200     CONTINUE
C
C          OUTPUT THIS ITEM TO FILE 9
C
     WRITE(9)ALC,FSN,1,UM,UCOST,NOUN,MGTCD,IOH,IOR,LTADM,
&         LTPROD,IPP,RIPP
  83     FORMAT(I7,1X,A2,A2,A4,A6,A3,I1,A2,F9.2,A6,A4,2A1,A4,A2,
&         2I7,3I2,F4.2)
  93     FORMAT(5X,8I7)
       WRITE(9)ALC,FSN,2,IDEM
       WRITE(9)ALC,FSN,3,IRET
       WRITE(9)ALC,FSN,4,IREQ
     IOUT=IOUT+1
  300     CONTINUE
     IF(IOUT.GT.LOUT) GO TO 900
     GO TO 10
  900     CONTINUE
     WRITE(6,903)KNT,IOUT
  903     FORMAT(/////T40,'RECORDS IN  =',I5/T40,'RECORDS OUT =',I5)
     STOP
     END
```

DATAB3.S

APPENDIX B

FORTRAN SOURCE LISTINGS

```
C---BEGIN LAGRANGIAN LOOP
C
      DO 200 MRUN=1,NRUN
         IRUN=MRUN
         COSHRT=CSHORT(MRUN)
         IF(IDBUG.EQ.1)WRITE(6,8090)COSHRT
C
         8090 FORMAT(//10('****'),'BEGIN SIMULATION ',
     &'WITH COSHRT =',F10.4,10('****')//)
C           REWIND ITEM INPUT FILE INLU
      REWIND INLU
C
C---RECORD RANDOM NUMBER SEED
C
C
C---INITIALIZE RANDOM NUMBER STREAM
C           INITIALIZE DEMPR3 RANDOM NUMBER STREAM
      IF(IISEED.EQ.0) RNLAST = RANDEM(-.2)
      IF(IISEED.NE.0) RNLAST = RANDEM(-ABS( FLOAT(IISEED) ) )
C
C           INITIALIZE GENERAL RANDOM NUMBER STREAM
C
C
      RNLAST = IISEED
      IF(IISEED.EQ.0) RNLAST = RANDU(-.1)
      IF(IISEED.NE.0) RNLAST = RANDU(-ABS(RNLAST))
C
C
       CALL ZERO
C
```

NEW HEDGS MAIN PROGRAM CODE